Exhibit D - Deposition of Sgt. Garth Findley

Page 131 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER
I, Dana J. Tavaglione, a Certified Court Reporter, licensed by the State of Nevada, do hereby
certify:
That I reported the deposition of the witness, GARTH FINDLEY, commencing on February 5, 2025, at
9:05 a.m.;
That prior to being examined, the witness was by me first duly sworn to testify to the truth, the
whole truth, and nothing but the truth; that I thereafter transcribed my related shorthand notes into typewriting and that the typewritten transcript
of said deposition is a complete, true and accurate record of testimony provided by the witness at said
time.
I further certify (1) that I am not a relative or employee of an attorney or counsel of any of the
parties, nor a relative or employee of any attorney or counsel involved in said action, nor a person financially interested in the action; and (2) that
pursuant to Rule 30(e), transcript review by the witness was requested.
IN WITNESS HEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand,
in my office in the County of Clark, State of Nevada, this 14th day of February 2025.
Dawy. Taugline
DANA J. TAVAGLIONE, RPR, CCR NO. 841

1	UNITED STATES DISTRI	Page 1
2	DISTRICT OF NEV	ADA
3	LATIA ALEXANDER, individually)	
4	as heir of ISAIAH T. WILLIAMS)	
5	<pre>and in her capacity as Special) Administrator of the Estate) of ISAIAH T. WILLIAMS,)</pre>	
6	Plaintiff,)	CASE NO.
7)	
8	vs.)	2:24-cv-00074-APG-NJK
9	LAS VEGAS METROPOLITAN POLICE) DEPARTMENT, a political) subdivision of the State of)	
10	Nevada; KERRY KUBLA, in his)	
11	<pre>individual capacity; BRICE) CLEMENTS, in his individual)</pre>	
12	<pre>capacity; ALEX GONZALES, in) his individual capacity;)</pre>	
13)	
)	
14		
15	VIDEO RECORDED DEPOSITION OF	F GARTH FINDLEY
16		
17	Taken on Wednesday, Febr	
18	At 9:05 a.m.	•
19	At the Offices of I	Lexitas
20	400 South Seventh S	Street
	Las Vegas, Neva	ada
21		
22		
23		
24	REPORTED BY: DANA TAVAGLIONE,	RPR, CCR 841
25	Job No. 59730, Fi	rm No. 116F

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3	RUSSELL BACKMAN, in his) individual capacity; JAMES)		3			
	ROTHENBURG, in his individual)			EXAMIN	ATION	PAG
4	capacity; JAMES BERTUCCINI,)		4			
5	in his individual capacity;)	CASE NO.		Examin	ation by Mr. Breeden	
5	MELANIE O'DANIEL, in her) individual capacity; DOES)	2:24-cv-00074-APG-NJK	5			
6	I-XX, inclusive,	2.24 CV 00074 ATG NON	6			
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7	Defendants.)				EXHIBITS	
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2	5.05 4.1		12		Standards and Training	
	At the Offices of	Lexitas	13		Performance Objective Reference	
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Latia Alexander, et al. v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

Garth Findley **EXAMINATION** 1 2 BY MR. BREEDEN: Q. Okay. Good morning, sir. Can you please 3 4 state your full name, for the record, and go ahead 5 and spell your first and last name as well. 6 A. It's Garth Findley. And it's G-A-R-T-H, 7 Findley, F-I-N-D-L-E-Y. 8 Q. Okay. Is it Officer Findley? Sergeant 9 Findley? A. Sergeant. 10 Q. Okay. Sergeant Findley, on January 10th of 11 12 2022, you were a officer assigned to the Las Vegas 13 Metropolitan Police Department SWAT team; correct? 14 A. Correct. 15 Q. And on that date, you were the team leader 16 at a SWAT operation that was performed at 3050 South Nellis Boulevard, Apartment 1125; correct? 17 18 A. Correct. 19 Q. All right. You agree, in your performance as a law enforcement officer, you have a duty to 20 21 conduct yourself such that you do not violate the 22 civil rights of members of the public? 23 A. Yes. Q. And you also agree that if you see other 24 25 officers violating civil rights of the public, you 7 have a duty to intervene? 1 2 A. Yes.

jury today. It obligates you to tell the truth under penalty of perjury. 3

Do you understand that?

A. Yes.

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Q. Your deposition today is also being videotaped, and your testimony may be played or read

for the jury at trial. Do you understand that?

A. Yes.

Q. The court reporter is taking down everything that is said during today's deposition, all of my questions and your answers and any other objections or comments, and after today's deposition, she'll put everything in a booklet or a transcript form. After the deposition, you can review that transcript, and you can make changes to your testimony, if you wish.

But I'd like to caution you in advance that if you choose to make a change, I can comment on the fact that you said one thing here during your deposition and then, later, you changed your testimony.

Do you understand that?

23 A. Yes.

> Q. It's important for us to make a good record today for this court proceeding. So there's several

3 Q. Okay. Have you ever given deposition

4 testimony before?

5 A. Yes.

6

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15

18

Q. How many times?

7 A. One time.

Q. And I may as well just ask you, since

9 there's only one other time. I'll ask you right now,

10 why -- how long ago was that?

A. That was about three years ago. 11

12 Right?

MR. ANDERSON: Yeah.

14 BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. And what kind of case was that?

16 A. That was a search warrant that we conducted

17 for narcotics.

Q. Was that the Jasmine King matter?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Okay. All right. Even though you've been

21 deposed before, I want to go some of the ground rules

22 to today's deposition so you know what to expect.

23 The oath that you were just administered by the court

reporter is the same oath that you would take in a

court of law, as if we were in front of a judge and a

things I will ask you to do: If you don't understand any of my questions, please just ask me to repeat or rephrase them, and I'll be happy to do so for you.

4 During today's deposition, you always need to give a audible or out loud or verbal answer to my 6 questions, such as a "yes" or a "no." If you do 7 things like you shake your head up and down or side 8 to side, if you mean "yes" or "no," or if you use slang terms such as "uh-huh" or "huh-uh," those sort 9 10 of responses do not show up well, if at all, on the 11 transcript. So we may ask you "Did you mean 'yes' or 12 did you mean 'no" if you use some sort of nonverbal 13 response. 14

Do you understand that?

A. Yes. Q. Also, you've done a good job so far. But as a general rule, during the deposition, try not to speak at the time, at the same time anyone else is speaking. We will all afford you the same courtesy. One of the many reasons why we ask you to do that is it is difficult for the court reporter to accurately take down what two people are saying at the same time. So please try not to speak over anybody else during the deposition.

Do you understand that?



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			,
	10		12
1	A. Yes.	1	CIRT report. How long ago was that?
2	 Q. During today's deposition, the attorney, 	2	A. Well, we met last week.
3	Mr. Anderson, may have an objection to one or more of	3	Q. Is that the first time you had ever read the
4	my questions. I want to explain to you how	4	CIRT report regarding this incident?
5	objections work during a deposition because they work	5	A. Yes.
6	a little differently than what you may have seen on	6	MR. ANDERSON: And just to clarify, I he
7	TV or in a courtroom.	7	just had the Conclusions and Findings, not the
8	As you can see, today we don't have a judge	8	report.
9	here present to immediately rule on objections. So	9	MR. BREEDEN: Okay. So
10	what we do during a deposition, I ask a question, if	10	
11	Mr. Anderson wants to make an objection, he will	11	just want to make sure you understood.
12	state the objection, for the record. We then still	12	
13	look to you to give a response; and then later, if a	13	Q. So the full report is 222 pages. You did
14	judge needs to review the transcript and rule on the	14	not review the full report?
15	objection as to whether your response is admissible	15	A. No.
16	in court, the judge can do so.	16	Q. Okay. And you've not reviewed any of the
17	But I explain this to you because it	17	other witness statements or depositions, other than
18	confuses many people. They hear an objection and	18	Mr. Backman's?
19	they think they are not supposed to respond.	19	A. Correct.
20	Generally speaking, the opposite is true during a	20	Q. I should say "Sergeant Backman," shouldn't
21	deposition.	21	1?
22	Do you understand that?	22	A. Yes.
23	A. Yes.	23	Q. And did you read his deposition transcript
24	Q. Okay. Do you have any questions for me	24	taken in this case?
25	before we begin the deposition?	25	A. Yes.
	11		13
1	A. No.	1	
2	Q. Have you consumed any alcoholic beverages in		Q. Did you review any of the other interviews
3	the last 24 hours?	3	he gave, like his CIRT interview, regarding this incident?
4	A. No.	4	A. No.
5	Q. Have you taken any sort of drug, including	5	Q. Okay. Have you discussed what you recall or
6	prescription medication, in the last 48 hours?	6	your anticipated testimony with any of the other
7	A. No.	7	officer defendants?
8	Q. Okay. Do you have any medical condition?	8	A. No.
9	A. No. Sorry.	9	Q. How how well do you know the defendants
10	Q. An extreme example would be that's	10	in this case? So let's see if I can recall them, off
11	all right. An extreme example would be dementia or	11	the top of my head: There's Rothenburg, Bertuccini,
12	Alzheimer's disease that may affect your memory or	12	Kubla, Backman, and I'm sorry. I'm forgetting at
13	your ability to testify here today.	13	least one other one.
14	A. No.	14	MR. ANDERSON: Gonzales.
15	Q. What, if anything, have you done to prepare	15	THE WITNESS: Alex Gonzales.
16	for today's deposition?	16	(Reporter request.)
17	A. I was given the CIRT recommendations, and	17	THE WITNESS: Sorry. Alex Gonzales.
18	then I was also given Sergeant Backman's statements.	18	MR. BREEDEN: Gonzales, and then who?
19	Q. Who were you given those by?	19	MR. ANDERSON: Melanie O'Daniel.
20	A. By Craig Anderson.	20	
21	Q. Okay. Does Mr. Anderson, is it your	21	MR. BREEDEN: Melanie O'Daniel.
22	understanding he is acting as your attorney here	22	MR. ANDERSON: That's it.
23	today?	23	BY MR. BREEDEN:
			Q. And then there's well, there's one that
24	A YAS		
24 25	A. Yes. Q. Okay. You said that you were provided the	24 25	was the primary shooter as well. I'm sorry. I can't I can't think of his name here.



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		14		16
	1	Do you are these people that you know	1	A. No.
	2	well? You worked with them for some time?	2	Q. Do you have any medical background?
	3	A. Yes.	3	A. No.
	4	Q. Okay. You all work together on SWAT; right?	4	Q. You have to receive some sort of medical
	5	A. Yes.	5	training to be on SWAT?
	6	Q. Well, I think one of the other officers said	6	A. Correct. We'll take like a basic medical
	7	"SWAT is like a band of brothers." Those are your	7	class, Patrol Medicine.
	8	brothers that you work with; right?	8	Q. CPR.
	9	A. Yes.	9	A. CPR, yes.
	10	Q. Okay. Have you been to some of their	10	Q. Okay. At what point in your life did you
	11	houses, personally?	11	join Las Vegas Metro Police Department?
	12	A. Yes.	12	
	13	Q. And have you met their families?		A. It was 2007.
	14	A. Yes.	13	Q. And what did you do for a living prior to
	1		14	joining Metro?
	15	Q. Okay. So, in fairness, you probably don't	15	A. I'm sorry. Two-thousand 03/05 is 2005.
	16	want to see the outcome of this lawsuit be that your	16	Q. Well, you know, I'll be honest with you, I
	17	brothers that you work with every day are forced to	17	was surprised by your response because I thought
	18	pay a lot of money; is that fair?	18	that, in your CIRT interview, you had said that you
	19	MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead		worked for Metro for 16 years prior to this incident.
	20	and answer.	20	A. Correct. So I'm coming up on 20 years now.
	21	THE WITNESS: That's correct.	21	Q. Okay. Great. And I'm sorry. So 2004?
	22	BY MR. BREEDEN:	22	A. So it was 03/05. So March of 2005.
	23	Q. Okay. But, also, you understand what	23	Q. And what did you do for a living prior to
	24	perjury is and that you need to testify honestly	24	joining the force?
Ų	25	today; right?	25	A. When I came down to Vegas, I ended up
		15	-	
				17
	1	A. Yes.	1	working at RC Willey.
	2	Q. Okay. I'm just going to start with some	2	Q. What made you want to become a police
	3	background information as to you. What's your age?	3	officer?
	4	A. 45.	4	A. Something that I was always looking at
	5	Q. How long have you lived in Las Vegas?	5	doing even when I was young.
	6	A. Since 2002.	6	 Q. Any members of your family in law
	7	Q. And where did you live prior to 2002?	7	enforcement?
	8	A. Washington state.	8	A. No.
	9	Q. And were you born and raised in Washington	9	Q. What attracted you to the Las Vegas
	10	state?	10	Metropolitan Police Department then?
	11	A. Yes.	11	A. When I was down here, I was doing
	12	Q. You ever been convicted of a crime?	12	ride-alongs with them and decided it was a good
	13	A. No.	13	career choice.
1	14	Q. Can you summarize your education for me?	14	Q. Okay. Well, that's a bit unusual that you
	15	A. Graduated from high school.	15	would do ride-alongs before you joined the force.
	16	MR. ANDERSON: Sorry. Sorry. Okay.	16	How did that happen?
	17	THE WITNESS: Went on to attend Western	17	A. It was something, like I said, that I was
	18	Washington University, graduated with a Bachelor of	18	wanting to get into for a career. I was deciding
	19	Science degree in Sociology, minored in Psychology.	19	whether I was going to go through Henderson or
	20	BY MR. BREEDEN:	20	Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department. I ended
1	21	Q. Do you have any, I would say formal	21	up choosing Metro.
	22	education or college classes past that?	22	•
- 1		sausation of college classes past that:	44	Q. Okay. So when you first joined Metro, I

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25

training course?

A. Yes.

A. No.

Q. Okay. Do you have any legal background,

25 such as a paralegal or legal assistant?

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assume you have to go to some sort of basic officer

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Garth Findley

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Q. And how long does that last?

2 A. So your academy lasts a pretty long time. 3 It's like six, six months.

Q. And I just want to talk about sort of your progression through Metro. So when you originally completed the academy, what was your first

assignment? Were you patrol, or? A. First assignment was patrol.

Q. Okay. How long were you on patrol?

A. I was in patrol for quite, quite a long time. So just to kind of break it down, I was on graveyard for about two years; and then after that, I went to a dayshift squad for probably about six months. From there I ended up going to a saturation

14 15 team where I spent a good four years there. That is 16 a proactive unit still on patrol; and from there. I 17 went to the homeland team and spent a year there. 18 That's still in patrol.

And then from there, I ended up becoming a field training officer. So I spent a year doing that; and then from there, I ended up promoting to sergeant, where I worked regular patrol for another almost a year there, took over a neighborhood engagement team, still working patrol. I took over gangs, did that for two and a half years. Again,

1 Q. All right. Was there any particular reason 2 why the first two times you applied for SWAT, you 3 were not accepted?

A. So first time, I ended up failed it,

failing the oral board, and so that was just I -- I 6 was brand new to it, and so someone from the outside

that has limited knowledge on it. Then, you know, 7

that's what you're expected -- it's you need to know 8 a lot of the policy that's involved because you have 9

Metro's policy, and then you have the SWAT policy as 10 11 well.

12 Q. Yeah, there's very different SWAT policies; 13 right?

A. Correct.

15 Q. Okay. And even then, once you're accepted onto the SWAT team, you have to go undergo more 16 17 specific SWAT training; right?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. And how long does that take in terms 19 20 of hours or months?

A. Well, you're always training and then

always qualifying every year. So you always have to 22 23 stay up on that.

24 Q. Okay. But how about when you're initially 25 accepted into SWAT?

19

all that's pretty much patrol. Gangs is -- took 1

2 over more of a investigative aspect to it; and then 3

from there, I ended up moving over to SWAT.

Q. What year did you move over to SWAT? 4

A. So that was 2019, July.

6 Q. When you joined SWAT, what additional 7

training did you have to go through?

8 A. So it's quite a bit of training. I tested 9 for, I would say three times, and then the third

10 time, I actually ended up getting it. But there is

11 quite a bit of a very intensive regiment as far as

12 the training that you do once you are assigned to 13 SWAT and then completing that.

14 Q. So -- so tell me how that works. You said 15 there -- there was testing and you actually had to do it three times before you were accepted into SWAT.

17 Is this physical testing? Classroom testing?

18 What kind of testing?

19 A. So testing starts with a, a shoot, which is 20 pistol, rifle. From there, you go on to a physical 21 test and then which is an obstacle course; and then

22 from there, you go over to another obstacle course;

23 and then from that, you do some, it was some 24 scenarios; and the last part of it is going to be an

25 oral board.

A. Initially accepted into SWAT, you're going 1

2 to be taking a -- a -- several classes, just to be

3 proficient before you become operational; and then 4 within that year time frame, you're going to be

5 completing a SWAT school.

6 Q. Okay. And is the SWAT school, is that just 7 classroom hours, or does it include classroom and 8

9 A. It's classroom and training. It's not like 10 you're going to be going on a live mission and that's counting as a SWAT school. So it's 11

12 specifically classroom portion, training.

13 Q. Okay. And do you teach any of those 14 classes?

A. No.

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19

16 Q. Okay. Who's the -- who's the primary SWAT 17 instructor then?

18 A. Back then?

Q. Yes.

20 A. So back then, it was quite a few

21 instructors. So one of them was Dwayne Ferrin. We 22 had Carl Knolls. Those were some of the instructors.

23 Q. Okay. Do you think that additional SWAT

24 training, that that has value?

25 A. Yes.

EXITAS

Garth Findley

Latia Alexander, et al. v. Las Vegas Metropolitan Police Department, et al.

	22		24
1	Q. Do you think that it's important that	1	A. Correct.
2	officers be specifically trained on SWAT policies and	2	Q. All right. Just two teams?
3	procedures before they join SWAT?	3	A. Correct.
4	A. Yes.	4	Q. And I don't know how familiar you are with
5	Q. Okay. Would you recommend that they undergo	5	this, but not every police department in the country
6	that and complete that training before they go on	6	has full-time SWAT officers; correct?
7	live missions?	7	A. Correct.
8	A. So, yes.	8	Q. Okay. Are you aware that Las Vegas is
9	Q. Okay. I want to talk a little bit about the	9	considered a Tier 1 SWAT team? Have you ever heard
10	structure of SWAT. First of all, though, I guess,	10	that term before?
11	let me ask an additional background.	11	A. Yes.
12		12	Q. Okay. What does Tier 1 indicate?
13	-	13	A. Tier 1 is basically you are going to be,
14	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14	that is your primary position. So other agencies,
15	team leaders; is that accurate?	15	whether they're small in size and they have regional
16		16	teams, so you have multiple areas that comprise and
17	Q. And so how is a team leader and assistant	17	make up a SWAT team. So they can be regular patrol,
18	team leader selected?	18	and if they need to serve a warrant, then everybody
19	A. So team leaders are going to be your	19	gets together who is part of that team, and that's
20	sergeants, and so what you do is you go through that	20	your regional team.
21	testing process. So if an individual, a prior	21	Q. But a Tier 1 team, like Las Vegas Metro
22	sergeant, ends up leaving, moving on to some	22	Police Department has, those are all full-time SWAT
23	something else or ends up promoting, then we always,	23	officers?
24	every year, will have a, basically a selection	24	A. Correct.
25	process. So that hiring process, testing for it.	25	Q. And there there's actually two teams so
	23		25
1	So then that team leader, whoever is chosen, will	1	that there's 24 hour SWAT coverage for the police
2	fill that vacancy. Same things goes for operators	2	force; correct?
3	as well. So it's a testing process.	3	A. Correct.
4	Q. Okay. And at what point did you become a	4	Q. Now, as the team leader then and a sergeant,
5	team leader for SWAT?	5	when there's a SWAT operation I would call it a
6	A. So July of 2019 is when I was selected. I	6	"SWAT raid." Do you call it a "SWAT operation"?
7	was one of several other sergeants that tested.	7	What do you call it?
8	Q. Okay. So essentially you beat out other	8	A. SWAT operation, SWAT mission.
9	sergeants for the position?	9	Q. Okay. Well, we'll say "mission." When
10	A. Yes.	10	there's a SWAT mission, as the team leader, are you
11	Q. Okay. Were any of the other people then	11	the most senior SWAT person onsite when the mission
12	that were you were promoted over, did they remain	12	happens?
13	on SWAT in other capacities?	13	A. No.
14	A. Say that again.	14	Q. Okay. Who would that be, and how is that
15	Q. Well, yeah. So these people who were not	15	determined then?
16	given a team leader position on SWAT, did they remain	16	A. So there's roughly and I don't know the
17	on SWAT?	17	exact number right now because I've been out of SWAT
18	A. No. So if you're testing for SWAT, you're	18	for six months. So there's 33, 34 SWAT operators,
19	not on SWAT.	19	and then you have your four sergeants. So within
20	Q. Okay.	20	that team, there's a wide range of experience and
21	A. Yeah.	21	wide range of who's been on. You know, some have
22	Q. So, again, just to talk a little bit about	22	been on over ten years. So for me, back then, you
23	the structure. My understanding is, at this time, in	23	know, I was only on for two-and-a-half years.
24	January of 2022, there was a Silver Team and a	24	There there's operators who have been on ten,
	Gold Team for SMAT: is that correct?	25	ton plus years in CMAT

25 ten-plus years in SWAT.

Gold Team for SWAT; is that correct?

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1 Q. Oh, okay. But -- but I mean, in terms of 1 A. Deputy chiefs. chain of command, would you, as the sergeant team 2 Q. Deputy chief. Then undersheriff? 3 leader, be the person in charge? 3 Correct. 4 A. Yes. Unless there's a lieutenant there or 4 Q. Then sheriff? 5 if there's a senior sergeant there. 5 A. Yes. 6 Q. Is it unusual for a lieutenant to be there Q. Okay. Do you happen to know who the deputy 6 7 for a typical SWAT mission? 7 chief that Captain Cole would report to at that time? 8 A. No, it's not unusual. 8 A. No. 9 Q. Okay. For this particular operation, on 9 Q. Now, by the way, I just wanted to back-up a 10 January 10th of 2022, was there any lieutenant 10 moment or two. You said that you are no longer on 11 physically present? 11 the SWAT; is that accurate? 12 A. Not a SWAT lieutenant. 12 A. Correct. 13 Q. Yeah, you're right. I should have limited 13 Q. And when did you leave SWAT? 14 it to SWAT. So limited to SWAT, you -- you were the 14 A. Back in July. 15 sergeant in charge; is that correct? 15 Q. July of 2024? 16 A. Correct. 16 A. Correct. 17 Q. All right. And, in particular, there was 17 Q. Why did you leave SWAT? 18 another sergeant who had recently joined SWAT, and 18 A. There's a five year cap for sergeants, and 19 that was Sergeant Backman; correct? 19 they have a ten year cap for operators. So my time 20 A. Correct. 20 there expired. So I had to leave. 21 Q. And were you the direct supervisor of 21 Q. And so where were you reassigned? 22 Sergeant Backman during the operation? 22 A. Currently, I'm at the airport right now. 23 A. Correct. And then there was one other 23 Q. All right. Have you ever held any 24 sergeant, Sergeant Casey Clarkson. 24 professional licenses or certifications? 25 Q. Okay. And so talking, again, a little bit 25 A. No. 27 29 more about the structure, above you, in the chain of Q. Have you ever tested for some kind of 2 command, as a sergeant, would be a SWAT lieutenant; promotion and it was denied? And I think we talked 3 correct? about there were twice that you applied for SWAT 4 A. Yes. 4 and -- and that was denied. Is there anything else? 5 Q. And is the only lieutenant, at that time, 5 A. No. Lieutenant O'Daniel? 6 6 Q. Have you ever been suspended or reprimanded A. Yes. 7 7 at Las Vegas Metro Police Department? 8 Okay. And what was her actual title at that Q. 8 A. No. 9 time? 9 Q. Not even over the Jasmine King incident? A. Lieutenant, and then they also call 10 10 A. Received a contact, which is just a 11 "tactical commander." informal conversation. 11 12 Q. So she was tactical commander at that time. 12 Q. And what was the contact regarding? 13 What does that mean to you? 13 A. Regards to like a chain of command. 14 A. In charge of SWAT missions, when you're out 14 Q. And how about over this incident, I mean, it 15 there, tactical commander. 15 was a fatal shooting of Mr. Williams. Were you given 16 Q. And then going up the chain, above 16 any suspension, reprimand, or contact over that? 17 Lieutenant O'Daniel, who was that, at the time? 17 A. No. 18 A. It would be Captain Brian Cole. 18 Q. Let's talk a little about the Jasmine King 19 Q. And Captain Cole, is he then the most senior 19 incident. Just for the record, that happened on officer at LVMPD, at that time, that is exclusively a 20 January 15, 2021, almost exactly one year before the 21 SWAT, assigned to SWAT? 21 fatal shooting of Mr. Williams. What happened? 22 A. Correct. It would be the highest ranking. 22 A. Served a search warrant for narcotics at

23

point?

Q. Okay. And if we went over Captain Cole,

would -- would we get to the undersheriffs at that

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that location. We ended up utilizing a Control

soon as we conducted the explosive breach,

Entry Tactic with a -- with a explosive breach. As

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Garth Findley

1 Ms. Jasmine King was right next to the door. She

- sustained a little bit of injury to her eye; and 2
- then ended up clearing the residence and got Jasmine 3
- 4 King out there, got her her medical.
- 5 Q. Okay. And Ms. King, she was not a suspect
- 6 and she was committing no crime at the time; right?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. Do you mean I'm correct?
- 9 A. Oh. Correct.
- 10 Q. Okay. And so you were also the team leader
- on that operation; correct? 11
- 12 A. Correct.
- 13 Q. And you had called for what you called a
- 14 "short count" or a "quick count" on that CET entry;
- 15 right?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. And what does that mean to you?
- 18 A. So that is a -- how we're going to go
- 19 through the breach count, which you need to make
- 20 sure that -- because we have a couple different
- 21 types of breaches. So whether it's a long breach;
- 22 whether it's a breach, 3-2-1 breach; or just stand
- 23 by, breach-breach. So that's the person who
- 24 has the plunger to detonate the charge.
- 25 Q. Okay. And that was a Property-Only Search

A. Correct.

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- 2 Q. Is it your understanding that Knock and
- Announce is part of Nevada State law? 3
 - A. Correct.
 - Q. Is it your understanding that Knock and
- Announce is actually part of federal constitutional
- 7 requirements under the Fourth Amendment?
 - A. Correct.
- 9 Q. Okay. And so did Internal Affairs conclude
- 10 that you had violated the Knock and Announce rule in
- 11 the King matter?
 - A. I don't -- like I said, I don't remember
- 13 what I.A., their conclusions were.
- 14 Q. Okay. And Ms. King was blinded, at least
- 15 temporarily, in -- in one of her eyes as a result,
- 16 wasn't she?
 - A. From what I was told, yes.
- 18 Q. And did she also have a burst eardrum?
 - A. I don't know.
- 20 Q. Did it appear to you that Ms. King was
- 21 attempting to answer the door at the time the
- 22 explosive went off?
- 23 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead.
- 24 THE WITNESS: Standing at that door, at
- 25 that time frame, probably, yes, she was getting

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- 1 Warrant you were executing at that time; right?
- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. Through SWAT?
- 4 A. Correct.
- 5 Q. And that was also investigated by Internal
- 6 Affairs; correct?
- 7 A. Yes.
- 8 Q. And what conclusions did Internal Affairs
- 9 come to regarding what SWAT had done on that
- 10 occasion?
- 11 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead
- 12 and answer.
- 13 THE WITNESS: So as far as I.A. goes, I
- 14 don't know what the conclusion was, the findings
- 15 that they -- they produced. It was, through SWAT,
- 16 how it affected us was limited the times that we
- 17 would utilize a explosive breach on search warrants.
- 18 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 19 Q. Okay. So that was a regular search warrant
- 20 as opposed to a No Knock Warrant; correct?
- 21 A. Correct. That was a Knock and Announce
- 22 warrant.
- 23 Q. Yeah. And so you understand that, during a
- 24 regular warrant, you must abide by Knock and Announce
- principles?

- 1 ready to answer the door.
 - 2 BY MR. BREEDEN:
 - Q. Okay. So you were actually personally sued, 3
 - 4 along with several other members of the SWAT team, by
 - 5 Ms. King following the incident; correct?
 - A. Yes.

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- 7 Q. And you're aware of that part of her lawsuit
- 8 was that you and other members of the SWAT team
- 9 failed to abide by the Knock and Announce rule?
- 10 A. Correct.
 - Q. And that case was resolved on your behalf,
- 12 wasn't it?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. And do you know the amount that was paid to
- 15 Ms. King?
- 16 A. No.
- 17 Q. Do you know, was there any finding in the
- lawsuit that the officers had violated the Knock and 18
- 19 Announce rule?
 - A. I don't remember the findings.
- 21 Q. Looking back on it, do you believe you
- 22 failed to abide by the Knock and Announce rule in 23 that case?
- 24 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead and answer.

1 THE WITNESS: Looking back, I think we 2 could have gave more announcements, more time.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

- Q. Okay. And you were actually the -- the team
- leader that helped plan that and the -- the explosive
- 6 short count; right?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. Who was it?
- 9 A. That was Sergeant Young, who was in charge 10 of that operation.
- 11 Q. Okay. Was that operation, was the IAP, was 12 that also approved by Lieutenant O'Daniel?
- 13 A. Yes.
- 14 Q. Okay. Would Lieutenant O'Daniel have to
- 15 approve all SWAT IAPs at that time?
- 16 A. Yes.

20

- 17 Q. And explain to me your understanding of what
- 18 changes to SWAT policies and procedures were made as
- 19 a result of the King incident.
 - A. So as far as the policies, we would need
- 21 higher approval as far as utilization of a explosive
- breach; and we, at that point in time, from that
- 23 result, were limited on using explosive breach for
- 24 that type of search warrant.
- 25 Q. Meaning a Property-Only Search Warrant?

- 1 that, as a result of the King incident, that CET
 - entries for property-only search warrants were banned
 - 3 by Metro?

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- A. They weren't banned by Metro. We were
- 5 still allowed to do CETs for that type of search
- warrant, and as long as there -- their -- the factors met that there was violent individuals 7
- 8 inside who had access to weapons.
- 9 Q. That's your understanding of the policy 10 change?
 - A. From that point in time, yes, that we could utilize a CET for that type of a search warrant.
 - Q. So your understanding was that, as a result
- 14 of the King incident, Metro's policies and procedures changed such that CET entry was only allowed on 15
- 16 property-damage search warrants if there were violent
- 17 individuals with weapons inside?
- 18 A. So if it met the -- the requirement of a 19 high risk search warrant. So if there is a forced
- 20 entry that we're going to be utilizing, if it's
- 21 unknown or violent individuals outside, if there's
- 22 likelihood that they'll have access to weapons, then
- 23 yes, we can utilize a CET for that service of the
- 24 search warrant.
- 25 Q. Is it your understanding that using

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- 1 A. Correct.
- 2 Q. And by the way, it's your understanding that
- 3 the search warrant for this incident that we're
- 4 discussing today, on January 10th of 2022, where
- 5 Mr. Williams was sought -- shot, that was a 6
- Property-Only Search Warrant as well; right? 7
- A. Correct. Accompanied with the subjects
- 8 listed in the PC statement.
- 9 Q. Okay. But the warrant was a Property-Only
- 10 Search Warrant? 11
- A. Correct. Recover the evidence of the
- 12 homicide.

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- Q. There was no arrest warrant; correct?
- 14
- 15 Q. I'm sorry. When I say "correct" and you say
- 16 "no" --
- 17 A. Oh.
- Q. -- some people might interpret that as you 18 believe my statement is incorrect. So we just need 19
- 20 to clean that up a little bit.
- 21 Is it correct that there was not a arrest 22 warrant?
- 23 A. That is correct. There was no arrest 24 warrant.
- 25 Q. All right. And is it your understanding

- 1 explosives to knock down a door, that that was banned 2 for property-only search warrants?
 - A. I don't think it was absolutely,
 - 100 percent, banned. But we would need a higher
 - level of approval in order to utilize a CET -- or
- 6 sorry -- that explosive breach.
- 7 Q. Okay. Did anyone come to you, at some point
- 8 after the Jasmine King incident, and say: "Look, as
- a result of this incident, our SWAT policies and
- 10 procedures have changed, here's how they're different 11 today"?
- 12
 - A. No.
- 13 Q. So how did you learn that there was any 14
 - change in the policies and procedures?
- A. Just conversations that we had with our 15 16 lieutenant and because we're having to make those
- 17 policy changes within our SWAT policy.
 - Q. That would be Lieutenant O'Daniel?
- 19 A. Correct.
- 20 Q. Okay. And what did -- what did Lieutenant
- 21 O'Daniel explain to you?
- 22 A. That following the incident were your --
- 23 the CIRT recommendations from that incident, we're
- having to change some of the verbiage in the -- into
- 25 the policy.

1 Q. Okay. And did that policy change take 2 effect prior to the incident in this case, on

January 10th of 2022? 3

A. So prior to this incident, yes, it

5 occurred.

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Q. Okay. Do you recall how long before the

7 Williams' incident the policy change was?

A. No.

Q. Okay. Have you ever been sued by anyone else in connection with your employment at LVMPD?

12 Q. Are you aware of any times, other than the

13 Williams' incident or the King incident, that it's

14 been alleged that you violated Knock and Announce or

15 used excessive force in conducting a SWAT mission?

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17 Q. Did Mr. Anderson also represent you in the

18 King matter?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Has he represented you for any other legal

21 matters, other than the King matter and this matter? 22

A. No.

23 Q. Explain the concept of a CTE entry and how

24 that, "CET" entry I should say, and how that differs

25 from a SACO.

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1 many bodies. If there is enough room around the

2 structure to where we can put our armor, whether on

3 the 1-2, 1-4, and then on the backside of the

4 structure, we can utilize those armored vehicles as

5 our protection, once we have the residence safely

contained, and then we can call the person out to us.

7 Q. Now, for this particular incident with

8 Mr. Williams, the decision to use a CET entry, had

9 that already been made by the time you got involved?

A. Yes.

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11 Q. And, ultimately, was that Lieutenant

12 O'Daniel that made that decision?

A. Correct.

14 Q. Okay. Are you aware of anyone else that

15 assisted her in that decision?

A. Sergeant Backman was relaying the 16

17 information with his assistant team leader; that was

18 Jake Warner, with all the intel that they gathered

from that, that residence and that search warrant,

20 and they relayed that information to Lieutenant

21 O'Daniel.

22 Q. Why was Sergeant Backman involved as opposed

23 to yourself? You were the team leader or intended

24 team leader.

25 A. Correct. I was out of town.

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A. So Controlled Entry Tactic, we are going to

be utilizing that on a servicing of a search

3 warrant, as I mentioned before, if it's a high risk 4 search warrant. So if there's the indication that

5 we have or the intel that we have, that we're going

to be using a forced entry if it's a unknown or

7 violent individual inside, if they have access to

any type of weapons, we also take those

9 considerations into account.

> Also, besides the structure, the location, the time of day, what type of evidence is involved, the likelihood of that destruction of evidence, and then if we can safely use that speed, surprise, overwhelming action to get in there and dominate a structure very quickly.

And then -- and then you said you wanted a SACO, a Surround and Callout?

Q. Yes.

A. So exactly -- it's exactly what it sounds like or what it says is you're calling the person out to us. So with a SACO, you're going to be safely surrounding the structure, if we can. And a good example is, on a large house, maybe like a two-story house, we cannot safely dominate that structure very quickly. It would take too long, too

1 Q. Okay. That's the only reason?

A. Well, once I was out of town, I advised

3 Sergeant Back- -- Sergeant Bonkavich and also

4 Sergeant Casey Clarkson that I'd be leaving on

vacation; they would be helping assist with

6 Sergeant Backman. And, again, going back to this is

a team environment. He's not solo. And so Sergeant 7

8 Backman is 20-some years of a sergeant, or an

9 officer and then as a sergeant. So he has a lot of

10 experience, a lot of experience in narcotics, a lot

11 of experience with dealing with search warrants. He

12 came from major violators. He's dealt with

13 Surround and Call Out incidences before.

14 And then as far as him being operational, 15 so he had quite a bit of experience with that

16 because as soon as he came to the team, he was given a 40 hour SWAT school. So with that, he became

17 18 operational. He had a very good ATL, which is that

19 Assistant Team Leader, Jake Warner. He also had the

20 rest of the team, so additional ATLs, Levi Hancock, 21

all those subjects were there to assist him in the

22 intel gathering, the recommendations, and then

23 giving that information to Lieutenant O'Daniel.

Q. Okay. So I've heard your CIRT interview that you gave in this case, and I'm just going to

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kind of summarize some of these things here. You

- tell me if I'm wrong. My understanding is you first
- learn about this search warrant and SWAT mission on a
- 4 Friday and then the mission was to occur the
- 5 following Monday, after the weekend; is that correct?
- 6 A. Yes.
- 7 Q. Okay. And you had just preplanned to be out
- of town with your family. You were going hunting 8
- 9 that weekend; right?
- 10 A. Correct.
- 11 Q. All right. So instead of you being
- 12 personally involved in some of these issues with the
- 13 IAP, instead, that was deferred to Sergeant Backman;
- 14 right?
- 15 A. Correct.
- 16 Q. And Sergeant Backman, at that time, had not 17 even been on SWAT for 30 days; correct?
- 18 A. Correct.
- 19 Q. And he had not completed the basic SWAT
- 20 training at that time either, had he?
- 21 A. The -- that would be incorrect. So for
- 22 him, in his first week, he was introduced with a
- 23 one-on-one modified SWAT school specifically for
- 24 him. That was December 13th through the 16th. So
- 25 40 hours. In that class, he gets search warrant

- 1 but forgot about the same tactic that's being used on hostage rescue.
- 3 Q. Okay. Do you agree that he had not 4 completed his SWAT training at the time this incident 5 occurred?
 - A. Well, he completed that modified SWAT school for him. And then what you're referring to as far as a "SWAT school" would have been later on in his time frame.
 - Q. And so he had not completed that additional training at the time this occurred?
 - A. Not that long SWAT school.
- 13 Q. Okay. Is that 120 hour course? How many 14 hours?
- 15 A. Yes. About. I would have to guess, but 16 yes, about that time frame.
- 17 Q. And did you have any concerns about allowing 18 somebody who had not completed all the SWAT training
- 19 and had been on SWAT for less than 30 days to have 20 such a crucial role in the planning and
- 21 implementation of this?
- 22 A. No. Because as far as his role in planning
- 23 it, again, this is that team environment where you
- 24 have your recon teams who have been there for
- 25 five-plus years, which was Kai, and the rest of the

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- training. He gets close quarter tactics. He gets
- 2 an NFDD, which is a Noise Flash Diversionary
- 3 Devices. He gets patrol medicine. Everything that
- 4 he needs in order to be operational at that point in
- 5 time.
- 6 Q. Okay. But the Williams' SWAT mission, that 7 was going to be the very first SWAT mission he ever
- went on in the field; right? 8
- 9 A. No.
- 10 Q. No? How many other SWAT missions had he 11 been on before Williams?
- 12 A. So during his time frame, he was being sent 13 out, he was supposed to respond to any barricade,
- 14 any search warrant that came up. He was also --
- went on a hostage rescue situation where we use a
- 16 CET tactic. So he had, has done guite a bit of the
- 17 missions and tactics before this incident.
- 18 Q. My understanding is this incident with 19 Mr. Williams was the first time he had been involved
- with a SWAT mission using a CET tactic. Do you
- 21 believe that to be untrue?
- 22 A. So as far as an H.R., hostage rescue, he
- 23 was on that incident, and we used a CET. That is
- that, that tactic that we use in order to make entry
- on a hostage rescue. So, more than likely, confused | 25

team that are going out doing the recon, doing the

- 2 planning, giving that information to Jake Warner,
- who's the assistant team leader, who has over five
- years of -- of being up in SWAT, as long -- as well
- as you have Levi Hancock, who has been in SWAT for,
- 6 back then, almost ten years.
- 7 So this is a lot of planning that they do.
- 8 and then they had the assistant of Sergeant Clarkson
- 9 and Sergeant Bonkavich as well, if they needed to.
- 10 So this isn't Sergeant Backman being all his
- 11 mission. This is a -- that team environment which
- 12 they create. Here's the plan. This is the safest
 - plan. There you go, so.
 - Q. Well, knowing how this turns out, do you
- 15 think this was a safe SWAT operation? 16
 - MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead.
 - THE WITNESS: At the time, it would be the
- 18 safest that we did.
- 19 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 20 Q. Well, you mentioned a SACO. It was 21 certainly feasible to do a SACO for service of this
- 22 search warrant, wasn't it?
 - A. No.
 - Q. Okay. What are all the reasons why you

don't think it was feasible?

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into other apartments.

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1 A. The reason why we couldn't do a Surround 2 and Callout is because on a multi-housing complex. 3 the person has a lot of avenues of escape. So 4 whether internally, if you give them that 5 opportunity to escape, because it's been -- I've 6 been on a bunch of missions before where people 7 start burrowing through walls, and that's what we 8 don't want is murder suspects who have guns going 9

Now, as far as that internally, then you look externally, then he has more access into other apartments. There is that brick wall, wrought iron fence that goes around the entire complex. So we couldn't get our armor into position. Now, if you sit there and say: Well, it's a busy road on Nellis to park armor in, well, that's too far away, and if the subject does come out and resist in any way, we can't implement that lethal plan. You have that barrier there. You can't put our guys directly in there, on the inside, without any type of armor and protection. That's the reason why we couldn't do a Surround and Callout on that.

23 Q. Okay. So you believe it was not feasible to 24 do a Surround and Callout on that particular 25 apartment at 3050 South Nellis, No. 1125?

1 it and approved it?

> 2 A. Correct. They review it as well. There's 3 also the recommendations from the person that, the 4 affiants, who is homicide, their saying it would be a good time frame to do it at that time. 5 6

Q. And so first of all, let's -- let's talk a little bit about that. Homicide doesn't tell SWAT how to do their job, does they?

A. No. What they do is they give 9 10 recommendations going for time frames, this is when 11 we observe this person being most active, and so we 12 could sit there and say, okay, most active at this 13 time and they could maybe give a time frame around 14 there.

Q. What's the purpose of doing this at 5:00 a.m.? Why -- why was it approved in that manner?

A. So what you have to do is take into consideration the location. Nellis is very busy at that, at that intersection. So at 5:00 in the morning, you're not going to have that much traffic on the roadway. You're -- you're limiting the -- as far as like the time of -- time of day for school, the kids be out and about, that is -- I'm very familiar with the complex. It's very active

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1 A. No.

Q. Has SWAT ever done Surround and Callout for 2 3 apartments?

4 A. We have.

5 Q. It's probably happened in the history of 6 SWAT, hasn't it?

7 A. Correct.

Q. Even if there's some risk of tunneling, 8 9

right, going into another apartment?

A. Correct. Then, again, you evaluate the circumstances of who you're dealing with. So what 12 type of search warrant is it; are we dealing with someone who is not a flight risk, that is not going to be doing that type of burrowing through the Walls, he doesn't have access to weapons at all? Then you can sit there and evaluate that.

17 Q. Okay. Let me ask you, this search warrant 18 was intended to be performed at 5:00 a.m.; correct?

19 A. Yes.

20 Q. Who made that decision? 21 A. The assistant team leader, Jake Warner, 22 decided this would be a good opportunity, at that 23 time frame, to do it at that point, and then as well 24 as Sergeant Backman reviewing it and saying yes. 25 Q. And then Lieutenant O'Daniel also reviewed

throughout the day. So at 5:00 a.m., it's less 2 active. So we want to keep people out. That was

3 the reason why.

4 Q. Was it part of the purpose that you wanted to do this SWAT mission at a time of day when you 6 thought people inside the apartment were likely to be 7 asleep?

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A. Either asleep or less active.

Q. Okay. And that would make it easier to surprise and overwhelm them with the CET? 10 11

A. Correct.

Q. And so was that formal or informal policy of LVMPD, at that time, to perform search warrants on a CET at those times of day, for that purpose?

A. That's not like a SOP where it's like we do it at a certain time frame to, like you said: "They're going to be asleep; let's surprise them, overwhelm them," that's not in our standard operating procedures.

Q. Well, why isn't it? Is that because it's more dangerous to do it that way?

22 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. 23 THE WITNESS: I don't think it's more 24 dangerous to do it at that time.

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BY MR. BREEDEN:

2 Q. Why, for this particular operation, was that 3 selected then?

A. Because it's less opportunity for people on the outside. They're not going to be as active.

6 That complex, like I said, is very busy, and you

keep people out that way. 7

8 Q. Well, why not -- why not perform it at

9 9:00 p.m. then?

10 A. That's when it starts to become busy, and 11 especially on Nellis. That's where people are 12 heading to work.

13 Q. Okay. How has the policies and procedures 14 for SWAT and CET entry, particularly as it relates to 15 search warrants, changed since the Williams' 16 incident?

A. So it would be accompanied with a No-Knock Warrant.

Q. I'm sorry?

20 A. For now?

21 Q. For --

22 A. From this incident?

23 Q. Yeah, as a result of this incident.

24 A. So you're going to, in order to conduct a

25 CET, you're going to need a No-Knock Warrant. conversation you had with Lieutenant O'Daniel?

A. No.

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Q. Okay. So there was never any specific verbal or written retraining on the new policy?

A. No. As far as the policy that is now in effect, that we will not be utilizing a CET for a Knock and Announce, that wasn't in effect or took -took effect until I was gone.

Q. So to the best of your understanding, when would -- when did that policy change happen?

A. I don't know. Because I know it was recent, but I've been gone for about seven months.

Q. Okay. You mentioned earlier in your testimony that you felt a Surround and Callout, or a SACO, was not feasible for this particular apartment: but due to the policy change, if this warrant were served today, you would have to use SACO, wouldn't

19 A. You would have to, or you would find a 20 different way or just not serve the search warrant.

21 Q. Right. But when we talk about what would 22 happen with this warrant today, if you -- you could 23 not do a CET, if it was done today?

A. Correct.

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

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1 Q. So as we sit here today, to your knowledge,

2 CET is reserved only for no-knock warrants?

3 A. Correct.

Q. And when did that change?

A. After this incident. I don't know when it was implemented though, like a time fame.

Q. Do you believe it changed specifically

because of the Williams' incident?

9 A. I believe so.

Q. And why do you believe that?

A. Because the individual that was killed, the

12 family that is in the process of suing it, that's

13 the reason why. 14

Q. Okay. Was there ever any training or instruction provided by Metro, to SWAT on the new policy then?

17 A. We would talk about it, as far as the 18 policy that was implemented with Lieutenant

O'Daniel, and then make sure that all the guys knew 19 20 about it.

21 Q. And so what did Lieutenant O'Daniel then 22 relay to you about the policy change?

23 A. As far as at what time frame though?

24 Q. Well, after the Williams' incident. 25

In other words, do you remember a specific

THE WITNESS: So as it stands today, yeah, you wouldn't be able to utilize a CET for this type

3 of search warrant, unless you get a no-knock service

4 of a warrant.

5 BY MR. BREEDEN:

6 Q. Can you explain to me what calling a "tactical" is in SWAT jargons. 7

8 A. So calling "tactical," that can be utilized 9 during a Controlled Entry Tactic, and that is

10 slowing the momentum or stopping the momentum of 11 your team, and that's when you have some type of

12 recognition or that a danger is occurring. So

13 preventing your team from moving further down, say, a hallway. So you're stopping that momentum. Your 14

15 officers are taking up cover and positions of

16 advantage, and so once that occurs, then you gather

17 the intel. So who called the tactical and -- and 18 what are the reasons why. So gather the intel, work

19 the problem; utilize your resources, so get your 20 shields up, if you need to.

21 Calling a tactical, anybody can call it. 22

So once it's called, the momentum stops. Everybody reverberates that tactical call. So an example

would be is if you make entry into a residence, you

see a subject that was on the couch take off down

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the hallway and ducks into the last room, we're

2 going to call "tactical" because maybe a continued

3 movement down there would be dangerous for your

4 team. Maybe the subject's back there grabbing a

5 firearm. He's doing something that could harm your

6 team, harm others, or harm that person who's back 7 there.

8 9

So, again, that's where you work the problem. You could sit there, once you have it safely contained. As far as on the outside, you give announcements. Maybe that person does come

11 12 out, or if you hear maybe a gun rack or something

13 like that, we can slowly back the team out and work 14 it from the outside. So that would be an example of

15 calling a tactical. And so once we do call a

16 tactical, that's when that spree, that speed, 17 surprise, and overwhelming action has stopped.

18 We're not going to reengage that CET, at that point, 19

and that is your tactical call.

Q. On January 10th, 2022, during the SWAT mission at 3050 South Nellis Boulevard, did you ever

22 hear any officer, at any time, call a tactical?

23 A. Once the shooting was over, the tactical 24 call came out.

Q. Okay. So prior to the fatal shooting of

1 A. No.

> Q. Do you agree with me that in, you know, what I would call the -- the black or the "blackout"

4 version, it's more difficult to see the word "SWAT"

5 or "Police" on the uniform?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead.

7 THE WITNESS: Yes.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Would there be any reason why SWAT officers wouldn't want to clearly identify themselves as police officer?

A. Don't know why.

Q. Certainly wouldn't be a reason on a Knock and Announce Warrant, would there?

A. No.

16 Q. Okay. Are you saying, then, that the dark or the blackout uniforms were the only uniforms in use at that time?

A. Those are your uniforms that we had, that were supplied to us, along with the patches that were supplied to us.

22 MR. BREEDEN: Okay. Can you push that my 23 direction.

Just for the record, we could attach it as an exhibit, if opposing counsel wants. But I was

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1 Mr. Williams, no tactical was ever called?

A. Prior to the shooting, no.

Q. Okay. And then I assume someone called for a tactical just because, at that point, it appears

there's been a fatality and so somebody called it?

6 A. Because of the shooting that occurred, we 7 called a tactical.

8 Q. Do you know which officer was the first to 9 call the tactical?

A. Don't know.

Q. During the SWAT mission, and I brought some pictures to illustrate the point, Metro officers appear to be wearing what I would call "blackout" or dark SWAT and Police information on their uniform as opposed to an alternate uniform where there's a bright gold.

Who made the decision that the darker or blackout uniforms would be used?

A. Don't know. When I came up, we were 20 utilizing the black. We also had a -- like a,

21 almost like a purple, and then we ended up going to 22 these. So I don't know. I wasn't on SWAT, at that

23 time, for that.

24 Q. So at no time that you served on SWAT they 25

were using the -- the brighter gold lettering?

showing the witness what's been Bates-labeled as 2 MELTON-14 and 15. There's just some pictures of alternate SWAT uniforms on those pages. 3

4 BY MR. BREEDEN:

> Q. Let's talk about Knock and Announce. What are the requirements under the law of Knock and Announce?

A. Reasonable amount of time, as well as you're letting the individual comply or submit.

Q. And did you receive training on Knock and Announce as part of your SWAT training?

A. Yes.

Q. Who trained you on it?

A. We had classes, PowerPoints, that were taught throughout the time frame.

Q. Okay. And, specifically, what were you taught about the amount of time that's reasonable to wait after the Knock and Announce?

A. So as far as reasonable amount of time, what you're going to be doing is considering the -who you're dealing with, the location, size of the structure, the violent history. You're also taking in consideration access to weapons. So all those factors come into play when you're looking at what is a reasonable amount of time and then as

EXITAS

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1 accompanied with the submitting or the complying. 1 there as well. So we need a large area that we can 2 Q. Have you ever heard any time limit, like 2 put all of our vehicles, and then we were in that 3 1 minute or 30 seconds or 10 seconds, that's like a 3 parking lot of Sam's Town. So we're pretty much 4 rule of thumb to be applied? 4 concealed in there. 5 A. So you're not going to find any hard fast 5 Q. Is it just a coincidence that the underlying 6 rule. I know certain cases, they've talked about a murder that was being investigated also happened at 7 10 second rule on up, as far as, say, 30 seconds. 7 Sam's Town? But, again, when it comes to a hard fast rule on --8 8 A. Coincidence. It was -- what we do is we 9 on which one we're going to utilize, we went with a 9 take in consideration what would be a good route as 10 reasonable amount of time. 10 well. So from that point, it's a good location, 11 Q. Okay. So has -- has there ever been any which it being at the Sam's Town, in that parking 11 12 formal or informal policy at Metro regarding like a 12 garage, and from there, we can just exit and go 13 minimum number of seconds you should wait? 13 straight up Nellis. 14 (Reporter clarification.) 14 Q. Did you conduct any portion of the -- the 15 BY MR. BREEDEN: briefing? 15 16 Q. A minimum number of seconds you should wait 16 A. No. 17 after knocking and announcing before using force. 17 Q. Who did? 18 A. Prior to me coming up to SWAT, they 18 A. That was going to be the assistant team 19 utilized a 10 Second Rule, and then when I was 19 leader, Jake Warner, and then he was working that 20 there, we and Melanie O'Daniel ended up changing it 20 with Sergeant Backman. 21 to a reasonable amount of time. 21 Q. Okay. Did any of the homicide people speak 22 Q. Okay. So the 10 Second Rule, was that 22 as well? 23 actually in writing? 23 A. They did. 24 A. Yes. 24 Q. Would that be Detective Grimmett? 25 Q. Okay. And to your knowledge, Melanie 25 A. Yes. 59 61 O'Daniel personally made the decision to change that? 1 1 Q. Is there anyone you could recall, other than 2 A. I believe she ended up changing it. 2 **Detective Grimmett?** 3 Q. Okay. Why? 3 A. You had gang detectives there. Edgar 4 A. I don't -- I don't know. 4 Nahum. 5 Q. Okay. Prior to this SWAT mission -- I don't 5 Q. How long was the briefing in terms of 6 know, I may not use the right terminology. But there minutes? 6 7 was a "staging" or a "briefing" at the parking lot of 7 A. I'd -- I'd be guessing. Maybe 20 minutes. the Sam's Town Hotel & Casino; right? 8 Q. I've not seen any body camera video of 9 A. Correct. briefing. Are you aware of anybody who had their 10 Q. I'm kind of curious, what's the reason 10 body-worn camera activated during the briefing? 11 Sam's Town was chosen? 11 A. No. Because that's on our helmets. 12 A. What we ended up using or the reason we 12 Q. Well, why would it not be activated during a 13 used Sam's Town is we -- we want a, kind of a large briefing? 13 14 structure that can kind of conceal us. So if we're 14 A. Because we don't record the briefings, and serving search warrants within a certain area that 15 those are -- those recording devices are attached to 16 is a high crime area and if they see SWAT trucks, 16 our helmets. 17 the armor, then everybody within that neighborhood 17 Q. Well, I mean, it's sort of part of your 18 starts letting other people know. So it could tip 18 investigation or mission, the briefing. So why 19 that person off. 19 wouldn't a record be made of that? 20 So what we do is we try to select areas 20 A. It's on paper. 21 that have a large parking lot because there is quite 21 Q. You mean the IAP? 22 a bit of vehicles that we -- that we bring. Our 22 A. IAP, as well as the -- the draw as well. 23 own -- the -- our own work trucks as well as the --23 Q. Yeah, so when you refer to "the draw." I've

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the armor. Plus we have the Search and Rescue comes

out with us. You also have detectives who come out

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seen a photograph somewhere that there's like a giant

piece of paper, and there's a bunch of handwritten

notes on it. Is that what you're referring to?

- 2 A. Correct.
- 3 Q. So who did the draw? Whose handwriting is 4 on that?
- 5 A. That is going to be the recon team. So
- 6 they create the draw, and then the assistant team
- 7 leader, Jake Warner, is going to position people as
- far as the lineup goes, and then where the
- containment positions are as well. 9
- 10 Q. What happened to the draw? Where is it 11 today?
- 12 A. It should have been just photographed and 13 then put into -- on base.
- 14 Q. Would it physically be destroyed, or is it 15 sitting somewhere? Do you know?
- 16 A. I don't know what they do with it, if it's 17 just destroyed, but we have a photo, photograph of
- 18 it. 19 Q. Okay. Who took that photograph?
- A. It would be the person who had the camera. 20
- 21 I don't know who it was.
- 22 Q. Okay. You don't know if it was Backman or
- 23 Warner or another officer?
- 24 A. No.

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25 Q. How long have you known Lieutenant O'Daniel?

- 1 being at South Central Area Command when I was
 - there.
- 3 Q. How many SWAT missions were you ever on
- where Lieutenant O'Daniel was onsite, onsite when the 4 5 mission was performed?
 - A. Quite a few.
 - Q. Okay. Was that typical for her to be
- 8 onsite?

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A. For barricades, hostage rescues, yes.

10 For search warrants, that would be a "yes" 11 and a "no" to where she would only come out if there

- was a high likelihood that like the subject would be 12
- fighting us or resisting us or it was a major case 13 14 is what it would be for.
 - Q. Was she ever a ser- -- a SWAT sergeant before she was made lieutenant?
 - A. No.
- 18 Q. Was she ever one of the SWAT operators, like
- 19 somebody in the line, before she became SWAT
- 20 lieutenant?
- 21 A. No.
- 22 Q. Are you aware of anyone else who applied for
- 23 the position of SWAT lieutenant and wasn't selected? 24
 - A. No.
- 25 Q. Okay. So when the job of SWAT lieutenant

- A. I've worked a short period of time at 1
- 2 South Central when I was new, not with her. I knew
- 3 she was on another squad. I just knew her by face,
- 4 by name; and then when I went to SWAT, it was that
- 5 time frame, from the July '19 until she left.
 - Q. When did she leave?
- 7 A. I don't know the exact date.
- 8 Q. Do you know why she left?
- 9 A. I would say for personal reasons. She had 10 time to retire.
- Q. Did she feel that she might be terminated if 11 12 she didn't retire?
- 13 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.
- 14 THE WITNESS: I don't know.
- 15 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 16 Q. Are you aware of any discipline, reprimand, 17 or contact that she received because of the Williams' 18 incident?
- 19 A. No.
- 20 Q. What -- when you first met her, what squad 21 was she on, if not SWAT?
- 22 A. Your -- say that again.
- 23 Q. When you first met her, was she assigned to
- 24 SWAT, SWAT?
- 25 A. No. When I first met her, I remember her

- comes open, you're not aware of anybody, other than
- Lieutenant O'Daniel, who applied?
- 3 A. From what I remember is the position that 4 she held was over the homeland saturation team, and
- they were the backup lieutenant to SWAT, and so she
- 6 was getting those repetitions in that now the
- 7 current lieutenant, I believe, ended up leaving, and
- 8 then she filled that position.
- 9 Q. Okay. But are you aware of anybody else who 10 wanted the position or applied for it?
 - A. I don't know.
- 12 Q. Okay. Did you think she was the most
- 13 qualified person for that position?
 - A. She had the reps, yes.
 - Q. Okay. What did you think of her as a
- 16 lieutenant, her ability? 17
 - MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. Go ahead.
- 18 THE WITNESS: It was good.
- 19 BY MR. BREEDMAN:
- 20 Q. Do you think that the fact that she was 21 female played a role in her getting that position?
- 22 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form.
- 23 THE WITNESS: No.
 - BY MR. BREEDEN:
 - Q. No? At any point, prior to the SWAT

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1 mission, did Detective Grimmett tell you that there

2 was probable cause to make an arrest?

A. Yes.

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Q. Okay. And why wasn't there an arrest warrant then?

A. Because we had a search warrant for that residence. He was listed in the PC statement, as far as our two subjects that were involved, which is Rembert and Fisher.

 Q. Okay. Do you believe better reconnaissance or surveillance could have occurred on this mission?
 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: We -- we could have done or homicide could have done more. But, again, we're limited on a time frame of dealing who -- with the subject because it is kind of the, I wouldn't necessarily say it's exigent circumstances, but you have someone who is a violent individual that committed a homicide, and those two subjects, the intel that we had, were in those apartments.

And there was prior incidences leading up to that to where, even in that specific location at 3050 Nellis, there was prior incidences of shootings that were occurring, and those two subjects were involved.

1 was wearing an ankle monitor?

A. Yes.

Q. So pretty easy to figure out where that

4 gentleman is, isn't it?

A. Correct.

Q. And it wasn't that apartment; right?

A. No. So prior to us serving the search

8 warrant, they gave us an update saying Fisher was9 not pinging inside that apartment.

Q. Well, what was your understanding then about whether there could be other people inside the apartment -- women, children, innocent people?

A. We were given no information that there was any children, no elderly, no dogs, as far as at that apartment. We were given information that this was a flophouse, indications of, you know, it's a drug house, violent individuals inside, as well as access to weapons. There was evidence of a homicide that was inside that residence.

Q. Well, let's -- let's talk about the access to weapons. I mean, it's easy to say: "Oh, I think this guy is a drug dealer so he probably has a gun"; right? That's just kind of a general statement.

For the particular time that you were there on January 10th of 2022, in that morning, did anyone

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1 BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. All right. But on the morning in question
that this happened, SWAT had no idea who was inside;
right?

A. We had intel that those two subjects, which was Rembert and Fisher, were inside. And then right before the brief, they gave an update saying Fisher, who was on an ankle monitor, was not in there.

Q. Okay. So who specifically told you that they believed that the subjects were inside?

A. Homicide detectives were saying that, that those subjects were inside. That was the intel that they had.

Q. Okay. And, you know, I just ask a very specific question. Were -- were they -- was it your understanding that they were telling you they had specific information that, at that time, when SWAT was going to arrive, they were inside or just that, generally, they believe they might be inside?

A. Per the IAP, also listed in the search warrant is the family members who were indicating that that is the apartment that Rembert and Fisher were in. So that was the information that we were given.

Q. Were you aware that one of those suspects

1 actually see any weapons or firearms from prior to 2 entry of the apartment?

3 A. Prior to entry, no.

Q. Okay. Also, this particular apartment had a brass wrap on the front door; right?

A. Correct.

Q. And that affects what you do as SWAT because that means it's going to be much harder to do a forced entry on the front door, knock it down; right?

A. Correct.

Q. Okay. Do you think that was a failure of surveillance or reconnaissance, not to notice that there was a brass wrap prior to when you're actually there in front of the door?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. Go ahead. THE WITNESS: So going up to the residence, obviously that would have been a good indicator. But I recognize that, during the recon, found out later that -- again, that's going back to how busy of a time frame that apartment is with those individuals, a bunch of individuals walking through there. I know that Officer Hoskins tried to get a good look at that door and was almost confronted by subjects that were walking into that apartment. So

he ended up walking by.



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BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Well, okay. But don't you think that would be part of basic reconnaissance, if your IAP says we're going to use a battering device to knock down the front door, to know whether that's a reinforced door?

7 A. Yes.

> MR. BREEDEN: Okay. You know, I think I'm at a decent stopping point.

> > Let's take a five minute break.

11 MR. BREEDEN: Going off the record at 12 10:21 a.m.

(Pause in the proceedings.)

THE VIDEOGRAPHER: We're back on the record. Time is 10:33 a.m.

16 BY MR. BREEDEN:

> Q. All right. Sergeant Findley, I want to talk a little bit about NFDDs or Noise Flash Diversionary Devices. Is it your understanding that SWAT has total discretion to use them whenever they wish?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

22 THE WITNESS: So we don't just use them 23 whenever we wish. There's going to be a certain 24 purpose for utilizing a NFDD.

25 111 1 Q. So "Option" implies to me that they may or may not be used. Is that what you mean? 2

A. No.

Q. Oh, okay. So how do you use that term?

A. That's the way it's written on our card is called a, just our "options" that we have. I don't know. I wasn't in charge of making the verbiage for

meant an option that -- that somebody had discretion

that. Q. Okay. So when it says Option 2, it wasn't

whether or not they would be used; they were

12 preplanned to be used?

> A. Preplanned. And then, again, whoever's deploying them, especially on the insertion, you have to make sure it's safe to do so. So in that instant, you put it through the window, up high, into the ceiling.

Q. And those had been preplanned to be used on the IAP; correct?

20 A. Not on the IAP, just on the tactical plan.

21 Q. Okay. But Lieutenant O'Daniel had approved 22 NFDDs, didn't she?

23 A. Correct.

> Q. Okay. And would Warner and Backman have also been aware of that and approved it?

BY MR. BREEDEN:

2 Q. What was the purpose for using NFDDs on 3 January 10th of 2022?

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A. So we used a stun stick, and that was going to be inserted into the window, on that fourth side of the residence, and then we used a nine banger on

7 that fourth side as well.

8 Q. Yeah, but what's the purpose of those?

A. It's to distract, disorient the people that

11 Q. Okay. And we can agree that those NFDDs, 12 they were deployed before anyone said or did anything 13 or moved or reacted at all inside the apartment; 14 right?

A. I don't know.

16 Q. Okay. Well, was it planned that they would 17 be automatically deployed, or was somebody in charge 18 of whether or not they were deployed?

19 A. Yeah, so whoever's in charge of the stun stick, once they insert it, make sure that you 21 clear, visually clear, and then you can set the 22 distract off.

23 Q. Now, in your CIRT interview, you refer to 24 NFDDs as an "Option 2." Do you recall that?

25 A. Correct. 1 A. Correct. So they developed the plan, which was Officer Warner, Sergeant Backman, and then they 3 relayed that information to Lieutenant O'Daniel, who

4 gave the authorization for that.

Q. Okay. If this is a Knock and Announce Warrants, why are we using NFDDs at all?

A. We're using NFDDs as a distraction device. 8 So depending on who the individual it is inside, if we're dealing with a violent individual homicide 10 warrant, in this case, who does have those access

for weapons, then what we want to do is to, in a 11 12 way, distract that person so if they do decide to

13 take up arms and try to shoot at officers coming through the door, it's going to disrupt their

15 OODA loop and take away from that fine motor skills 16 of doing fire. 17

Q. Well, why are you trying to distract anyone on the inside of the apartment if you're required to give that person time to wake up and go to the front door and ascertain it's police and provide them admittance so -- into the apartment?

A. So give them a reasonable amount of time. We give them announcements. We give them opportunity to comply, to surrender within that time frame. So if they do decide to do the opposite

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which, in a lot of cases, we deal with people who

- 2 are unreasonable. So what we do is, to prevent them
- 3 from doing any type of harm, then we use a distract.
- 4 And then in this case, we ended up doing a distract
- 5 to the inside, up high.
 - Q. So it was preplanned, wasn't it, during the
- 7 briefing, that Officer Bertuccini would have the
- 8 stun stick and then immediately upon the end of the
- 9 second announcement, he would break the rear window
- 10 and deploy the stun stick inside the apartment?
- 11 Wasn't that preplanned?
 - A. Correct.
- 13 Q. And so by preplanning that, how does that 14 give somebody time to comply and wake up and walk to
- 15 the door and open the door and allow police to come 16 inside?
- 17 A. Well, again, your -- your question is kind 18 of loaded to where you're saying that they will
- 19 comply; and, again, what we deal with, people who
- 20 are unreasonable, who are not going to comply.
- 21 "Complying" in my regards is to -- they don't
- 22 necessarily have to come to the door. "Complying"
- 23 means sitting in place with your hands up.
- 24 "Complying" means announcing "Hey, I'm here." That
- 25 is compliance to us. So they don't necessarily have

- 1 couch, walk five feet to the door. In six seconds.
 - 2 you can sit there and say "Hey, I'm complying. I'm
 - 3 here." "Compliance" is, like I said, sitting still
 - 4 with your hands up. "Compliance" isn't, to me,
 - 5 where you grab a gun and start shooting.
 - 6 BY MR. BREEDEN:
 - Q. So --

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- A. He also had 17 seconds to get up and walk to the door if, if he wanted to, to comply. But,
- 10 again, we deal with people who are not reasonable 11 and will not cooperate.
 - Q. So you had preplanned this operation with the assumption that people inside the apartment would not comply; right?
 - A. We --

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead. THE WITNESS: So what we do is work off of experience. So a lot of these plans are what type of experience we have with dealing with this type of situation. We're dealing with someone who is wanted for murder, who has those access to weapons. So what we do is try to plan the safest route, to have those contingency plans in place. So if the person does come to the door with a gun, we have that

- 1 to come to the door. Compliance is exactly that,
- 2 they can sit in place and with their hands up.
- 3 That's compliance.
- 4 Q. Okay. Well, Jasmine King appears to have
- 5 been trying to comply and let officers into her
- living structure, and she was injured when the 6
- 7 explosives went off in that case; right?
- 8 A. Correct. And we don't know that's what 9 she's trying to do.
 - Q. And you realize, don't you, that -- that it's unlawful or it violates Knock and Announce if people are not given a reasonable amount of time to come to the front door and allow the police entry?
- 14 MR. ANDERSON: Objection.
- 15 BY MR. BREEDEN:

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- Q. Is that your understanding? MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Answer.
- THE WITNESS: So my understanding is a
- 19 reasonable amount of time. So what is a reasonable 20 amount of time for, in this instance, Isaiah
- 21 Williams to come to the door, who's sitting on the
- 22 couch, who's five feet away? Again, I don't --
- 23 didn't know that, but you're saying six seconds, and
- 24 that's just on the assertion; right?
 - So in six seconds, you can get up off the

1 So, again, the law says, well, giving the

option to distract them.

- person a reasonable amount to comply, to come to the
- door. But, again, in our world that we deal with,
- 4 we don't deal with reasonable people. We deal with
- violent individuals who will do quite the opposite.
- 6 So we have to have those mitigating factors,
- 7 those -- those contingency plans to prevent that to
- 8 be safe.
- 9 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 10 Q. Are you saying then that you think
- 11 Knock and Announce doesn't require you -- because you
- 12 talk about compliance. Are you saying you think
- 13 that's satisfied, not by an amount of time for
- 14 somebody to come to the front door and allow entry
- 15 but enough time for somebody to yell out "Okay. Come
- 16 in? Something like that?
- 17 A. Correct. In my reasonable amount of time,
- 18 it doesn't take that long to say "Okay. I give up.
- 19 I'm coming to the door"; or to comply, just to stand
- 20 there, sit there, have their hands up. That's
- 21 compliance.
- 22 Q. Well, so since much of this, of what was 23
- done was preplanned in terms of the use of force,
- how much time was preplanned to allow any occupant
 - inside that apartment to come to the front door,

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ascertain it was police with a warrant, and provide 1 2 them entry? A. Sounds like it was, from videotapes, all 3

4 that, it was 17 seconds to the time of entry. 5

Q. Well, now, that -- that's very interesting that -- that you say 17 seconds. I think the video

7 is very clearly going to disprove that.

8 A. Uh-huh.

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Q. But the -- the time that was planned, it was planned that, immediately on the end of the second

announcement, the -- the back window would break and 11 12 the stun stick would be inserted and simultaneously

13 at the front door, that would be knocked down with a

14 battering device. That's what the plan was; right?

15 A. Correct.

16 Q. Okay. So as fast as I can yell "Police, 17 search warrant, police search warrant," (Counsel 18 snaps fingers), that was the preplanned amount of 19 time; right?

20 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form.

21 THE WITNESS: It's longer than that because

22 he gave out the entire address.

23 BY MR. BREEDEN:

24 Q. Okay. So going to ask you some more 25 questions specifically on Knock and Announce. 1 be. Are you talking seconds?

2 Q. At least seconds.

A. I could see it being for a couple seconds,

4 yeah.

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5 Q. Okay. And would you agree with me that

there's also like a physical element to it, like you 6

7 feel a pressure wave?

A. You'll have a little bit of a pressure

9 wave.

10 Q. Yeah. And before a stun stick is deployed, 11 the person deploying it is supposed to make sure that

the area is clear, right, because we don't want it to 12

13 be deployed too close to a person? 14

A. Correct.

Q. And what's your understanding of how far "clear" is? Does "clear" mean no one in the same

17 room?

18 A. Immediate area, within like a three-foot 19

radius.

20 Q. So you think it's three feet?

21 A. Immediate area, yeah.

22 Q. So you think it's safe to deploy one of

23 those within three feet of somebody?

24 A. It's going to be up high. That was the 25 plan, into the ceiling.

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All right. Well, actually, first of all, let me

2 back-up and finish with the NFDDs.

3 Okay. The stun stick, have you ever been in 4 the same room when a stun stick was deployed?

A. Yes.

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Q. Okay. Would you agree with me that it's 6 7 quite bright?

A. If you're looking at it, yes.

Q. Would you agree to me that, even if your

10 eyes are closed, you're -- you're going to see a

11 bright flash?

12 A. You'll see not obviously a bright flash, 13 but you're going to have a little bit of a flash,

14 yes.

15 Q. Okay. And if your eyes happened to be open, 16 would you agree with me that that, that would be

17 blindina?

18 A. If you're looking at it, you'll have a 19 bright spot for momentarily, few seconds.

Q. Yeah. And would you agree with me that it's quite loud when it deploys?

22 A. Yes.

23 Q. Would you agree with me that it's so loud

24 that it would temporarily impair your hearing?

A. I don't know how long "temporarily" would

1 Q. Well, doesn't matter if it's up high or up

low. You're saying it's just three feet?

3 A. I've been standing next to distracts as

4 they go off, yes.

5 Q. Okay. Now, there was also a nine banger

6 used. Why use a nine banger and a stun stick?

7 A. So part of the plan was to implement that

8 nine banger; and it's, again, to distract that

9 person.

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Q. Who actually deployed the nine banger? 10

I don't remember who.

12 Q. And was it deployed only on the outside of

13 the apartment, or was it thrown inside?

A. No. Outside.

Q. Okay. Would you agree with me that a nine 15

banger sounds like gunfire? 16

A. To the untrained, yes.

Q. Okay. Well, even sometimes to the trained,

19 right, because actually in the video in this case,

20 Officer Bertuccini, I believe, has to ask Rothenburg

21 "Was that a nine banger?" And he was confused about

when the gunshots started.

23 Have you seen that?

24 A. No. I didn't see that.

Q. Okay. But you certainly agree, at least to



- 1 layperson like Mr. Williams, if he hears a nine
- 2 banger going off, he might believe he was already
- 3 under gunfire?
- 4 A. Possibly.
- 5 Q. Okay. I mean, do you think for a layperson,
- 6 that would be a logical assumption?
 - MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.
- 8 THE WITNESS: For a who person?
- 9 BY MR. BREEDEN:
 - Q. For a layperson.
- 11 A. A "lay"?
- 12 Q. Nonlaw, nonlaw enforcement.
- 13 A. Oh.

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- 14 Q. Who does not have experience with nine
- 15 bangers.
- 16 A. Yes.
- 17 Q. Okay. Now, I think what you're saying is --
- 18 you correct me if I'm wrong. You're saying he was a
- 19 law enforcement person, you could tell the difference
- 20 if we had some sort of experiment where we threw a
- 21 nine banger and then we just had somebody fire a gun
- 22 nine times, you could tell the difference between
- 23 those two.
- 24 But for an ordinary member of the public.
- 25 without your law enforcement experience, they might

- 1 A. There's no policy that says that we need to
 - 2 physically knock on the door. So I would say it was
 - 3 informal, like you said.
 - 4 Q. So you believe there was, at least, an
 - 5 informal policy that somebody should physically knock
 - 6 on the door?

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- 7 A. We never physically knocked on door.
 - Q. Okay. So you're saying the informal policy
- 9 was not to physically knock on the door?
 - A. Like I said, we've never gone up and
- 11 knocked on the door. We announced or identified
- 12 ourselves and our intentions every time.
- 13 Q. Okay. So would you say that Standard
- 14 Operating Procedure for SWAT, at that time, was to
- 15 never physically knock on the door?
- 16 A. Correct. We never physically knocked on
- 17 the door.
- 18 Q. So it was preplanned then that no physical
- 19 knock on the front door would occur?
- 20 A. Correct.
 - Q. All right. Do you know why that is?
- 22 A. From case law, what they're saying is that
- 23 we don't need to physically go up there and knock on
- 24 the door once announcements have been made because
 - you have announced who you are; you have identified
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- 1 confuse a nine banger for gunfire?
- 2 A. Possibly, yes.
- 3 Q. Okay. And, in fact, especially if a window
- 4 had been broken out simultaneous with deployment of
- 5 that nine banger, that might lead somebody to believe
- 6 that they were actually shooting through the window;
- 7 right?
- 8 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form.
- 9 THE WITNESS: I don't know.
- 10 BY MR. BREEDEN:
- 11 Q. Okay. Well, do you think that's one
- 12 possible assumption somebody could make? Their
- 13 window explodes right next to them and they hear nine
- 14 sounds that sound like gunfire, do you think somebody
- 15 might believe, in a few seconds that they have to
- 16 ascertain the situation, that they could be being
- 17 shot at through the window?
- 18 A. Possibly.
- 19 Q. Okay. So Knock and Announce. First part of
- 20 Knock and Announce is the knock part. Okay. Who was
- 21 in charge of the knock part?
- 22 A. Nobody was.
- 23 Q. Okay. Is it formal or informal policy of
- 24 Metro that somebody, when doing Knock and Announce,
- 25 should physically knock on the front door?

- 1 yourself and as -- as far as your intentions go. So
- 2 that is Peterson vs. U.S. Ninth Circuit up in
- 3 Washington state.
- Q. Okay. And was there anything specific about
- 5 Apartment 1125 that morning, though, that led any
- 6 officer to believe that it would be unsafe to knock?
- 7 A. No.
- 8 Q. And, in fact, on the video, we could see
- 9 officers are staging right out in front of the front
- 10 door. Would you agree with me that it wouldn't have
- 11 taken a lot of effort for one of those officers just
- 12 to rap on the door?
 - A. They could have.
- 14 Q. Okay. But Metro chooses, Metro SWAT chooses
- 15 not to do that; right?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Okay. Now, after "knock," there's
- 18 "announce." So let's -- let's talk about "announce."
- 19 For the SWAT operation when Mr. Williams was killed,
- 20 who was in charge of the announcements?
- 21 A. Sergeant Backman.
- Q. And we've already talked about Sergeant
- 23 Backman. He's got less than 30 days on SWAT, and he
- 24 hasn't even completed the full SWAT training;
- 25 correct?



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Garth Findley

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bullhorn.

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MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: So you're almost implying that he's like a brand new person, a brand new officer. So Sergeant Backman's been 23-plus years, and he's been a sergeant for a long time. He's been in a lot of different units, specialized units. So narcotics. He's been in major violators. He's --

7 8 he's done surround and callouts numerous times. 9 He, when he came up to SWAT, he was given 10 that 40-hour class, one on one. So he had that 11 training, and he was competent in that position. He 12 was in Phase 2 of our SWAT policy in regards to a 13 new sergeant program, and at that time frame, he is 14 at the position of little to no supervision as far 15 as me. So he's being almost on his own, very 16 competent in -- in the position. And it's not 17 difficult to be on a bullhorn and call out an 18 address. So any officer, a brand new officer, is 19 able to do that. 20 BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Okay. Now, to your knowledge, was this the first time, during a SWAT where a CET was used, that Sergeant Backman would conduct the announcement?

24 A. For that position, yes. And then in 25 training, bunch of times, we do that.

1 Q. Okay. And so for an apartment, is it the 2 official or unofficial or Standard Operating 3 Procedure that when you're doing a search warrant on 4 an apartment, that the announcements should include 5 the apartment number?

A. I don't think you're going to find it in the, like an SOP or in a policy. But as far as what should happen if it is an apartment, then yes, give the correct apartment number.

10 Q. Yeah, because if you just walk around in the 11 middle of an apartment complex and you scream 12 "Police officer, search warrant" or you just say, you 13 give the address but not the apartment number, well. 14 there's people in a dozen different apartments that 15 could hear you; right?

16 A. Correct.

17 Q. Okay. Was it intended that day that when 18 Sergeant Backman gave his announcements, that he 19 would also give the apartment number in the 20 announcement? 21

A. So, yes, it would be intended to give the number.

Q. Are you aware that when he did the first announcement, he did not include the apartment number?

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1 Q. Okay. Now, a bullhorn was used, but is --2 is that official or informal policy of Metro SWAT to 3 use a bullhorn for the announcement?

4 A. It wasn't in our policy, and what we were doing is we wanted to make sure, with the bullhorn 5 6 that's very loud, verbal announcements -- kind of 7 the issue that we always had with bullhorns is that. 8 during the CETs, the guys would just drop them and they would constantly break. So we're always 9 10 constantly replacing those. But in that instant, 11 yes, this is part of the plan. We utilized a

Q. Okay. So was there anything particular about that morning that caused the bullhorn to be used or that was just Standard Operating Procedure?

A. We started to implement the bullhorn due to the fact that, again, we did have a brand new bullhorn and then it was not broken.

19 Q. Okay. Now, what announcement was intended 20 to be given?

21 A. So the announcements are going to be "Police, search warrant," address of this, and then 22

23 the -- that was -- that's your full announcement. 24 So "Police, search warrant," the residence, whatever

25 it's going to be. 1 A. No.

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2 Q. Okay. Now, when an officer is giving the 3 announcement, like let's say I get up there, I'm 4 doing the announcement and I say: "Everyone, this is 5 Sergeant Adam Breeden of the Las Vegas Metropolitan 6 Police Department, occupants of 3050 South Nellis 7 Boulevard, Apartment 1125, we have a search warrant. 8 please open the door," let's say that that's the 9 announcement, that's given.

In terms of how long you wait for somebody to come to the door, the reasonable amount of time, would you start that time from the beginning of the announcement, when I first start speaking, or you would you judge that from the end of the announcement?

A. So once you start the announcements is you're, basically, would be starting the clock of when we're going to go. So if we're going to get about two announcements, that's your first announcement, second announcement, conclusion. Conclusion.

22 Q. Okay. So are you saying that's written, 23 unwritten, SOP, or informal policy of Metro as to how they assess that time, from the beginning of the 24

announcement rather than the end?



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1 A. So yes. You're not going to find it in a

- SOP. Your -- what we go off of is the reasonable
- 3 amount of time. So what we're going to do with part
- 4 of the tactical plan is going to be, we're going to
- 5 give out a couple of these announcements, and then
- 6 after that, this is what we're going to do, so
- 7 following that.

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- 8 Q. Okay. So why would it make any sense to
 - start that time from the beginning because I haven't
- 10 finished speaking? I haven't announced the apartment
- 11 number; I haven't said "Police, search warrant" yet. 12
- How could somebody understand what was intended if
- 13 you measure that time in seconds from the beginning?
- 14 A. I would say that if you're dealing with
- 15 someone who is a homicide suspect, they know they
- 16 just committed a murder and they hear police outside 17 their door, yelling on a bullhorn, they would
- 18 probably have a good indication that they -- we're
- 19 there for them.
- 20 Q. All right. But it wasn't a homicide suspect
- 21 in this time. It was an innocent young man who 22
- hadn't committed any homicide; right? 23 A. Well, he wasn't innocent. He had several
- 24 shooting cases that North Town was looking at.
 - Q. You believe he had shooting cases?

- there to be any certain amount of time in seconds:
- 2 correct?
- 3 A. As far as seconds go, no. We're going off
- 4 of the size of the structure, how small it was, the 5
 - apartment, who we're dealing with, all those mitigating factors; and then, again, applying that
- 7 to case law, which is a reasonable amount of time to
 - come to the door or to comply.
 - Q. Regarding the announcement, do you believe that the announcement requirement is met? Let's
 - assume this was just a single family residence, not an apartment. Do you think that's met by the simple
 - announcement "Police, search warrant"?
 - A. So say that question again.
- 15 Q. Yeah. So if -- if I were doing, executing a 16 search warrant of a single family residence and I
- 17 just walked up to the front door and I announced
- 18 "Police, search warrant," do you think that is a
- 19 legally sufficient announcement?
- 20 A. No. I mean, you're going to have to 21 identify the address of a police search warrant,
- 22 residence of this location.
- 23 Q. Okay. So if the announcement in this case
- 24 were just "3050 South Nellis Boulevard, No. 1125,
- 25 police, search warrant," do you think that's

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1 A. Yeah.

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- 2 Q. Who told you that?
- A. That was after the fact, yes. So he --
- you're saying he's innocent. He -- he was linked to
- a couple of shooting cases up in North Town. So our
- gang investigations team was able to give that 6
- 7 information out.
- 8 Q. Do you believe he was part of a gang?
- 9 A. I don't know.
- 10 Q. Okay. Well, you didn't know anything about
- 11 Mr. Williams being inside before he was shot; right?
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- 13 Q. And, in fact, even after he was shot, you 14 assumed it was one of the suspects, Mr. Rembert or
- 15 Mr. Fisher, and then it turned out not to be; right?
- 16 A. Correct.
- 17 Q. Okay. So in terms -- going back to Knock
- 18 and Announce, so the third requirement of Knock and
- Announce is for a reasonable amount of time to pass
- 20 for somebody to come to the door and ascertain that
- 21 it truly is officers and provide them admittance.
- 22 Who was in charge of that that day?
- 23 A. You say that I can be. I'm the team leader
- 24 on that incident.

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Q. Okay. And you -- you had not preplanned for

1 sufficient?

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- A. Yes.
- 3 Q. So do you believe as fast as I can yell that
- two times, that immediately upon the ending of the
- second announcement, that force can be used to enter
- 6 that apartment?
- 7 A. Depending on the structure that you're
- 8 applying and who you're dealing with, those would be
- 9 the factors that you also have to consider.
- Q. So let's say it's a super dangerous person 10
- 11 wanted for a homicide, you think you do not have to
- 12 wait any longer than however fast you can yell
- 13 "3050 South Nellis Boulevard, No. 1125, police,
- 14 search warrant"?
 - A. And what's the size of this apartment?
- 16 Q. Well, we'll assume it's like a 700-square 17
 - foot apartment.
 - A. Yes.
- Q. Okay. And your testimony earlier was that,
- 20 at least at one time, there was a ten second waiting
- 21 requirement.
 - A. Correct.
- 23 Q. Okay. And then it just changed to
- 24 "reasonable"?
 - A. Correct.

1 Q. And I mean, just hypothetically, do you

- 2 think one second is a reasonable amount of time to
- 3 wait?
- 4 A. No.
- 5 Q. How about three seconds?
- 6 A. No.
- 7 Q. How about seven seconds?
- 8 A. Now you're getting into small apartment, so
- 9 yeah.

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the door.

- 10 Q. Okay. So I'm trying to figure out where you 11 draw the line in terms of seconds. Do you draw the 12 line at five seconds?
 - A. You're saying "seconds," and so what we do is go off of your announcement. So what is a reasonable amount of time, again, going back to compliance, surrendering, submitting, all those factors. You're assuming every time that you ask this question that someone does come to the door. I don't know that. A lot of times they don't come to

21 So how long do a give a murder suspect to 22 sit inside? Because that's what we have to consider 23 is our safest tactic for our officers as well as everybody else. So the more time you give a murder 24 25 suspect to figure out if he wants to resist, grab a

1 produced in this litigation, and these two pages are

- 2 really the only thing that I would describe as
- 3 written training on Controlled Entry Tactics and
- 4 Knock and Announce that I've been able to find in
- 5 SWAT's training materials. Are you aware of
- 6 something other than this?
 - A. No.

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- Q. Okay. Now, it does mention one case.
- Wilson vs. Arkansas. This is on 1491. Do you happen
- 10 to know Wilson vs. Arkansas and what the holding was 11 in that case?
- 12 A. Not the exact court case and the details of 13 it, but I remember reading it. I just can't say
- 14 "recall" because there's a bunch of them.
- 15 Q. Were you ever trained on the Ninth Circuit 16 case of United States vs. Banks?
 - A. So I've heard that case before.
- Q. Okay. Can you tell me, from memory, what 18 19 that case said or what it required?
- 20 Not to my recollection.
 - Q. There's another case United States vs.
- 22 Granville. Have you ever been trained on that case?
- 23 No. I haven't heard of Granville.
 - Q. Okay. So you wouldn't be able to tell me what the decision was in United States vs. Granville

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- weapon, run away, take someone hostage, you also 1
- 2 have to apply those factors. You just can't sit
- 3 there and look at a reasonable amount of time to
- 4 come to the door. There's other factors that we
- 5 take in consideration.
- 6 Q. But under Knock and Announce, don't you have 7 to provide the people inside with the same reasonable
- amount of time, whether it's a murder suspect or a 8
- 9 littering suspect?
- 10 A. So we give them that reasonable amount of time, and then we also apply those factors that I 11 12 mentioned before.
- 13 MR. BREEDEN: All right. I'd like to 14 provide you, we'll have this marked as Exhibit 1 to 15 this deposition.

(Whereupon Findley/Plaintiff's Exhibit No. 1 was marked for identification.)

18 BY MR. BREEDEN:

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- Q. Have you ever seen this before?
 - A. So it's going to be our SWAT policies.
- 21 Q. And just for the record, these are SWAT
- 22 policies and procedures related to Controlled Entry
- 23 Tactics, and it's LVMPD-1490 and 1491.
- Now, I will represent to you that, you know, 24 25 there's probably been 20,000 pages of documents

- and how that relates to Knock and Announce?
 - A. No.
- 3 Q. Okay. Would you agree with me that, prior to officers using force to enter the apartment, that
- no one inside the apartment said or did anything or
- 6 reacted in any way? 7
- A. So prior to entry, we did not hear anybody 8 say anything. No announcements from inside of the 9 apartment.
- 10 Q. So no one can come along in this case and say: "Oh, heard a guy yell 'Get a gun'; I heard a 12 guy yell 'Police, run out the back""? 13

Nothing like that happened; right?

- A. We did not hear that.
- Q. And other than a generalized suspicion, 16 there was nothing any officer actually observed that morning to lead them to believe that there were any weapons inside?

A. I wouldn't say that you're -- the way you 20 say it, as far as a "general suspicion." It's your -- you got the entire SWAT team that's been --

- 21 22 has a lot of experience in not only the SWAT tactics
- 23 but as -- as in patrol and then dealing with these 24 type of situations where you're dealing with a
 - flophouse, dealing with someone who has, say,



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1 committed that homicide. So you have those 2 indications that there is access to weapons.

You're being told by the detectives that there's prior cases of these two individuals who were in that specific complex on with Fisher, having a rifle slung to his back. You have Rembert with his vehicle being towed where there was an MP5 that was in the vehicle. You have that shooting that occurred, accompanied with the homicide. So there is a lot of indication that there is going to be some access to weapons inside.

Plus it's a flophouse. It's a narcotics house. So going off our experience, that's what we go off of. So it's just not a general suspicion. It's -- it's we go off of, yeah, it's a pretty good, going off our experience, that there's going to be some type of weapon inside, and we were correct because there was a gun in there.

19 Q. Well, with due respect though, I think that 20 you've legally just described what is literally 21 called "general suspicion." I mean, for example, the 22 mere fact that I saw on somebody's Facebook page a 23 picture of them with a gun, two or three months 24 earlier, that doesn't mean that they automatically 25 have that gun with them at all times; right?

1 Q. Now, you're aware that, under the -- the 2 reasonable amount of time analysis for Knock and

3 Announce, that what is reasonable can vary depending 4 on certain factors. For example, you've already

5 mentioned one of them, which is the size of the 6 apartment; right?

A. Correct.

Q. Okay. And isn't one of the factors whether or not someone is likely to be asleep inside?

A. I don't think that's necessary that if they're asleep.

12 Q. So do you believe that one of the factors 13 affecting the reasonableness is that, if a person is 14 likely to be asleep inside, they should be given a 15 longer time to respond?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead. THE WITNESS: Well, it depends on what their actions are going to be. Are they going to come to the door? I don't know. So give them a reasonable amount of time. I give them a reasonable amount of time.

22 BY MR. BREEDEN:

> Q. Have you been trained on that, that the -the amount of time that is considered reasonable should be longer if people inside are likely asleep?

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MR. ANDERSON: Objection to the form of the 1 2 question. Go ahead and answer.

THE WITNESS: Well, I would say if they're -- if they have pictures of a gun, then they're going to be associated with the gun.

There's going to be access to that gun.

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7 BY MR. BREEDEN:

8 Q. You -- you would admit that, before police 9 used force to enter the apartment, no gun was 10 specifically seen or heard?

A. We had information that both of those subjects, Fisher and Rembert, both, were in possessions of firearms. So Fisher had a firearm strapped to his back; and then on the secondary date, there was a gun, MP5, that was in his BMW that was towed later.

Q. But you're talking about things that were observed weeks or months earlier. You're not talking about anything that particular day; correct?

A. Not that specific day.

21 Q. Okay. And, in fact, neither of the suspects 22 was even inside the house or the apartment that day; 23 right?

24 A. After the fact, no. We found out they weren't in there.

1 A. Not formal training.

Q. Okay. How about informal?

3 Not informal training.

4 Q. All right. So as far as your personal

5 experience is, Las Vegas Metro Police Department has

6 never trained you on that issue?

7 A. As far as if someone's asleep and comes to 8 the door, no. Just going off the case law as far as 9 what we have here, which is give them a reasonable 10 amount of time, and also the other factors of if 11 they can submit, if they can comply.

12 Q. Now, you would agree with me that, 13 hypothetically, if somebody were asleep, first of 14 all, you would need just kind of some general time to 15 wake up; right? And then, second of all, you would 16 need some time maybe to make yourself decent. I 17 mean, you might be sleeping without clothes or in 18 your underwear and you don't want to come to the door 19 in that way; and then, third, you might be moving a 20 little slower, in general, when you first wake up.

Would you just agree that all that is kind of generally accurate?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. Go ahead. THE WITNESS: So in this case. I don't know. I don't know if they're asleep. I don't know

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1 what their condition is. neighborhood, you might not automatically assume that 2 BY MR. BREEDEN: people at the front door are police merely because 3 Q. Okay. That -- that kind of leads me to my 3 they say "Police"; right? next point. Do you think it is more likely than not 4 A. And I don't think they'd be using a 5 that Mr. Williams was asleep when this SWAT mission 5 bullhorn. 6 began? 6 Q. Do you think this was a rough neighborhood 7 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. 7 or a rough apartment complex? 8 THE WITNESS: I don't know his condition. 8 A. Yes. 9 BY MR. BREEDEN: 9 Q. Are you aware of gang activity in that area? 10 Q. Well, you say that. But, first of all, the 10 A. Yes. 11 very fact that it's 5:00 a.m. suggests that the 11 Q. Do you believe it might be reasonable for a occupants inside would probably be asleep; right? 12 12 young man to have a firearm for his own self-defense? 13 A. I don't know. This is a 24-hour town. 13 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. 14 People have all sorts of odd shifts. THE WITNESS: I would say, within that 14 15 Q. You agree with me that the majority of 15 neighborhood, a lot of people carry guns. A lot of 16 people are still sleeping at 5:00 a.m. in a county? 16 people who are criminals carry guns. 17 A. I wouldn't agree with you. 17 BY MR. BREEDEN: 18 Q. Okay. And then as it actually turns out, 18 Q. Some of them carry the guns because they're 19 the way that Mr. Williams was found inside the 19 criminals, and some of them carry guns for 20 apartment, he was laying down. He had his head on a 20 self-defense; right? 21 pillow, on a futon. He had a blanket over him. 21 A. Correct. 22 Did he appear that he had been sleeping, 22 Q. I don't know that I've ever met a law 23 enforcement officer that didn't frequently carry a based on those facts? 23 24 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. gun for their own self-defense. Do you do that? 24 25 THE WITNESS: I don't know. I didn't see 25 A. Yes. 103 105 1 him. Q. At your own home, do you sleep in an area 2 BY MR. BREEDEN: where maybe you have a gun in a nightstand or a gun 3 Q. When you assessed the reasonable amount of 3 that you could easily access if intruders came into 4 time that it would take somebody to come to the door, 4 your home? ascertain that it was police and provide them entry 5 A. Yes. for that search warrant, did you consider at all the 6 Q. And that's loaded? 7 7 fact that people were likely to be asleep inside? A. Yes. 8 A. So we're not going to -- I'm not going to 8 Q. And if somebody believes that someone is 9 sit there and say that the subject is going to be unlawfully breaking into their home, they do have a 10 automatically sleeping or sleeping at the time. right, in the State of Nevada, to use deadly force, 11 Again, like I referred to, a 24-hour day town. So I 11 don't they? 12 don't know what the -- if that person is, what their 12 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. 13 condition is, if they're sleeping or not. So we 13 THE WITNESS: Yes. 14 let -- as far as the reasonable amount of time, 14 BY MR. BREEDEN: 15 that's what we're going off of, the policy. 15 Q. Have you ever been trained on Nevada Revised 16 Q. Okay. Incidentally, not everybody who bangs 16 Statute 179.055? 17 on the front door and says "Police, open up" are 17 A. What's the -- what is it? 18 actually police; right? 18 Q. Well, and that was kind of my first 19 A. I don't know. 19 question, and I -- I know, you probably don't have the entire Nevada Revised Statutes memorized. 20 Q. Well, have you ever heard of incidents where 20 21 maybe somebody, a burglar or a home invasion, to get 21 people to open the doors, claimed they were police 22 Q. But -- but does that ring a bell when I say 23 and they were not? 23 that? 24 A. They've probably done that before. 24 A. Not just a number, no. 25 25 Q. Yeah. So if you lived in a rough Q. Okay. So that is a statute pertaining to



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106 108 1 when officers can use force to enter a dwelling to both of them and were looking that it was possibly 2 execute a warrant. Are you aware that that statute 2 the larger floor plan. 3 contains the specific phrase that officers cannot use 3 Q. As far as you knew, could the occupants 4 force until they are, quote, "refused admittance," 4 inside have been women or children? 5 end quote? 5 MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. 6 A. Yes. 6 THE WITNESS: So we had no indication from 7 Q. In this particular case with the search 7 the homicide detectives that there would be women or 8 warrant and Mr. Williams, what actions of children inside there. Mr. Williams led you to believe that he was refusing 9 9 BY MR. BREEDEN: 10 admittance to officers? 10 Q. But don't you have to consider that that 11 A. Well, first off, we didn't know Mr. Williams 11 might be the case, that there might be innocent 12 was in there. Second of all, we did not hear 12 people -- women, children, elderly people -- inside 13 anybody inside actually comply, saying that they 13 when you serve these warrants? 14 were inside, that they're coming to the door. We 14 A. Again, going off of what they provided us, 15 re- -- we waited a reasonable amount of time and 15 there was no indication of, positive indication that 16 then conducted the breach of the door. 16 there was any women or children, elderly inside. 17 Q. Okay. But there isn't anything specific you 17 You can always kind of have that factor in mind, in 18 could point to that any occupant inside did or said 18 the back of your head, that there could be. 19 that led you to believe that they would refuse 19 Q. Well, I mean, literally a year before this, 20 admittance, is there? 20 Ms. King was inside her apartment. She was in there 21 A. Not anything specific. 21 with her children; right? 22 22 Q. For example, no one inside yelled "We're not A. Correct. 23 23 coming out"; right? Q. And you believed there were dangerous 24 A. No. 24 suspects inside, and there were none; right? 25 (Reporter request.) 25 A. Correct. 107 109 1 THE WITNESS: I said "no." 1 Q. And she was pretty severely injured because 2 BY MR. BREEDEN: of that, wasn't she? 3 Q. That particular morning, did you know how 3 A. Yes. 4 many people, specifically, were inside the apartment? 4 Q. In -- in terms of use of force, you never 5 A. We were being told by homicide that it 5 used any kind of force or deployed your firearm that 6 would be Rembert inside. We were advised, prior to 6 morning, did you? A. I had my firearm out. I wouldn't say like 7 the servicing, that Fisher, who had the ankle 7 8 monitor, was pinging not there. Going off of 8 I deployed it. It was -- it was out and I didn't 9 factors that it's a flophouse, going off the recon 9 use it. 10 that Officer Hoskins conducted prior to several 10 MR. ANDERSON: I'd like to show you what 11 subjects walking by him going into that apartment, 11 we'll have marked as Exhibit 2 for your deposition. 12 we had a safe indicator and I would say experience 12 (Whereupon Findley/Plaintiff's Exhibit 13 that there would be multiple subjects inside. 13 No. 2 was marked for identification.) 14 Q. And it actually turned out to be wrong. 14 BY MR. BREEDEN: 15 Mr. Rembert was not inside; right? 15 Q. Take just a second, look that over, and let 16 A. Correct. 16 me know if you've ever seen that document before. 17 Q. And individuals inside the apartment, other 17 A. (Witness complies.) Haven't seen that, but 18 than Mr. Rembert, you had no idea who those 18 the material that's in it is familiar from policy. 19 individuals were; right? 19 Q. Okay. So this is a policy from the

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A. Correct. I didn't know who Mr. Williams

Q. Did you have any idea of the floor plan or

A. We had a floor plan, two floor plans we

were considering. We had the -- the printout of

was or the secondary subject.

the layout of the apartment?

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State of Nevada Commission on Peace Officers

specifically to the Knock and Announce requirement.

It's your testimony that you've never seen

Standings (sic) and Training. It's Performance

Objective Reference Material, and it refers

this document prior to today?

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110 1 A. No, not this document. 1 2 Q. And would you agree with me that you've 2 3 never been given any training by Las Vegas Metro 3 4 Police Department on Knock and Announce, at least as 4 5 this specific document describes it? 5 6 A. No. As far as someone coming in and -- and 7 showing this document and -- no. 7 8 Q. Yeah. So if we go down to this Wait/Refusal 8 9 requirement, it says refusal could be based on a 9 10 verbal statement. But in this case with 10 11 Mr. Williams, nobody gave any verbal statement of any 11 12 kind, refusing officers entry before force was used; 12 13 correct? 13 14 A. Correct. 14 15 Q. And it says that individual conduct -- you 15 16 know, for example, if you saw maybe somebody inside 16 17 running to grab a gun or take a defensive position, 17 18 you know, that that might justify a shorter amount of 18 19 time. But nothing like that occurred for this 19 20 particular search warrant; correct? 20 21 A. Prior to, no. 21 22 Q. Yeah. And then so the last one is the

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. THE WITNESS: Correct. We didn't know Mr. Williams was in there. BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Would you agree that, at least under this written standard, SWAT did not wait a reasonable amount of time before using force to enter?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form. Go ahead. THE WITNESS: We did not wait a minute. which is according to this document here. I believe

we waited a reasonable amount of time.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. Okay. So you waited what you believe was a reasonable amount of time, but according to that written standard, what was not the minute that was recommended; is that what your testimony is?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: Correct. We did not wait a minute, but I -- we waited what a reasonable amount of time is and after the two announcements. BY MR. BREEDEN:

22 Q. I think we mentioned earlier in this 23 deposition that neither suspect. Fisher or Rembert. 24 were actually found inside the apartment after all

25 the dust cleared; right?

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1 A. Correct. 2 Q. And, in fact, you were there to execute a 3 search warrant for certain property, and none of that 4 property was found inside the apartment either; 5 correct?

A. I don't know about it.

Q. You don't know, one way or another?

8 A. No. I wasn't told if there was a gun in 9 there or any evidence that was found in there.

10 We -- I never was -- that was homicide's thing.

11 Q. The firearm that Mr. Williams used, was that 12 the firearm used in the homicide that was being

investigated?

A. I don't know.

15 Q. And you agree that prior to January 10th of 2022, you had never heard of Isaiah Williams or 16 investigated him; correct? 17

A. Correct.

Q. Do you recall what type of property was sought in the search warrant?

A. There was going to be the clothing that was worn during that, that day. They were looking for a firearm, paraphernalia related to firearms, like ammo, and as well as cellular devices.

Q. Okay. Now, in some search warrants, like a

1 "Note: The amount of time that is

2 considered reasonable will depend on all the

3 circumstances. Approximately one minute would be a

passage of a reasonable amount of time. And here,

the Commission on Peace Officer Standards and

Training give some guidance, and it says, quote:

4 safe period in most cases, but it can be less,

5 especially if police officers know that someone is 6 inside and awake," end quote.

7 Have you ever, until this deposition, heard 8 that one minute rule?

A. No.

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10 Q. Can we agree with you that when officers

showed up, when SWAT showed up to serve this warrant,

12 they did not intend to wait one minute after

13 announcements were given?

A. Correct.

Q. The example that it gives when that time might be less is when peace officers know that

16 17 someone is inside and awake in the dwelling. But in

18 Mr. Williams' particular case, you had no information

19 whether he was asleep or awake at the time; right?

A. Correct.

21 Q. So at least on under this standard, you

would not be able to argue that the time could be

23 less than a minute because officers knew someone was

24 inside and awake because you had no such information;

25 correct?

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1 search warrant for narcotics, there's a concern by 2 police that the narcotics could be easily disposed

3 of. For example, they could be flushed down a 4 toilet.

A. Yes.

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6 Q. Well, was there any such concerns for the

7 items listed in this search warrant?

A. Yes.

Q. Okay. Have you ever heard of a .22 or a .32 caliber handgun being flushed down a toilet?

A. You probably couldn't flush it down the toilet, but you could definitely alter it to where it wouldn't be matched towards any type of evidence relating to -- to the crime.

Q. Okay. Well, let me ask you that just the nature of the things that you are searching for, clothing and a handgun, would you agree with me that those could not be as easily disposed of as, for example, narcotics?

20 A. Clothing, you could definitely destroy 21 fairly quickly as well as cellular devices, you 22 could destroy pretty quick.

23 Q. Well, how? How would you destroy clothing?

A. Burn it.

25 Q. Any other -- any other way you could think

1 Now, it says "six seconds" there. I believe that's in dispute. I believe that the video shows it 3 was even fewer amount of seconds. But would you 4 agree that it was no longer than six seconds? 5

MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form.

THE WITNESS: I don't know as far as the time frame. I know that Officer Bertuccini was supposed to, by the plan, insert it after that announcement.

10 BY MR. BREEDEN:

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11 Q. All right. Well, let -- let me phrase it a 12 little differently: Las Vegas Metro Police's own 13 CIRT report concluded that the wait time had only 14 been six seconds. Do you disagree with that? Do you 15 think it was longer? 16

A. As far as the insertion?

17 Q. As far as the amount of time, from when the 18 announcement started, to when the stun stick was 19 inserted through the window.

A. So they -- yes, it was -- I've read that report. It said six seconds. Yes.

22 Q. And do you believe that six seconds was a 23 long enough time for Mr. Williams to wake up, walk to 24 the door, ascertain that it was police, and provide

25 them lawful entry?

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of?

2 A. You could throw them in the oven and start

3 burning it. You could throw some type of acid on

4 there, some type of bleach, to get rid of that some

5 of that DNA that could link you to the crime.

6 Q. When you say the cellular devices, that 7 somebody could destroy them, you just mean maybe they 8 could step on them? Smash them?

A. Yeah. I mean, cellphones can be destroyed. 10 Hilary Clinton was able to do pretty good. But yes, 11 cell, cellular devices can be destroyed.

12 Q. Okay. Give me just a second to look over my 13 notes here. Did you ever see a physical copy of the 14 search warrant?

15 A. Yes.

Q. To your knowledge, was it ever left at the 16 17 apartment scene?

A. I don't know.

19 Q. Who would be in charge of that?

A. Would be homicide.

21 Q. The CIRT report contains the following

22 statement here, quote: "Six seconds after starting 23 his announcement, Officer Bertuccini inserted the

24 stun stick through the western facing window," end

quote. That's actually contained at LVMPD-4386.

1 A. You're saying that he needs to wake up. I

2 don't know if he needs to wake up. Right next to

3 the door is where he was at, which is just several

4 feet away. So six seconds is plenty of time to

announce, to comply, and to come to the door, and

6 that was just off a insertion of a - the stun

7 stick.

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8 Q. I'm not going to do this, okay, because I'm 9 not going to personalize this. But if I came to your home at 5:00 a.m. and you were sleeping somewhere in 11 your home and I started knocking, wanting you to come 12 to the door, do you think you would do that within

six seconds? MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: Not at my house.

BY MR. BREEDEN:

Q. When we look at this, Mr. Williams did draw a firearm, and he fired it on a group of people. It turned out to be police officers. Would you agree with me that, if Mr. Williams believed those were police officers, that would be a pretty dumb thing for him to do?

A. I would say that he had full intentions on what his plans were, given the fact that he was a violent individual. And, again, this is learning

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1 after the fact and learning that he's wanted for 2 robberies up in North Town, that he probably thought

3 that we were coming for him, and so that was his 4

intention was to shoot at officers as they came in. 5 Q. Well, would you agree with me that that 6

would essentially be suicide by cop?

A. I don't think it would be suicide by cop. I think he -- he figured that he was going to shoot officers as they came in. I don't know what his 10 plan was, if it was suicide by cop.

Q. Well, I mean, look, if I opened fire on a group of probably 12 SWAT officers who are fully armed, coming into my home, don't you think that that's suicidal to do?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. THE WITNESS: It could be suicide by cop. BY MR. BREEDEN:

18 Q. Would you agree with me that the fact that 19 Mr. Williams did that tends to suggest that he did 20 not properly understand who was coming through the 21 front door?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

23 THE WITNESS: No.

24 BY MR. BREEDEN:

25 Q. Did you ever see any officer providing 1 actually shot, he was laying down on the couch or 2 futon?

A. I was made aware of that after the fact.

Q. Okay. When you saw Mr. Williams, how many seconds or minutes was it after the shooting?

A. I would say probably about 30, 40 seconds. It took -- it took quite a bit of time because the team got bogged down coming into the threshold of the residence. I was at the -- the back. They 10 ended up taking Officer Kubla out of there, and I had to verify to make sure that he was injured, that 12 he was shot, and so then I stood outside and started coordinating that there was an officer down. They advised me that the subject inside was shot, which was Mr. Williams.

So as far as that time frame, I don't know how long that was, and then I was able to peak my head in and see that Mr. Williams' head now was at the -- in the living room.

Q. And he was laying on his back, on the floor? 20

A. Yes.

22 Q. Did he appear to be deceased to you?

23 A. I don't know. I didn't get a good look.

Q. Looking back on this operation that you were the team leader, is there anything that you would

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medical aid to Mr. Williams? 1

2 A. Yes.

3 Q. Who?

4 A. It would be our TAC medical doctors.

5 Q. Who is that?

6 A. We had Will Bridges, and then we also had a 7 trauma doctor as well, but I believe the SAR, one of 8 the SAR guys ended up attending to him.

Q. What, if anything, did they do?

A. I don't know. I didn't see what they did. 10

11 I just saw guys, which was looked like SAR, working 12 on Mr. Williams.

Q. At some point, did you enter the apartment and see Mr. Williams?

A. I stepped in, saw that Mr. Williams was down, right at the living room area, and I was stepping out because I was very busy, running dual cons, which is dual radios, talking to the area command, coordinating that, as well as talking with the guys, all the SWAT officers.

21 Q. So when you saw Mr. Williams, he had been 22 placed on the floor?

23 A. Correct.

24 Q. Were -- were you ever made aware, or when were you made aware of the fact that when he was

1 change about it?

MR. ANDERSON: Objection. Form.

THE WITNESS: So there's -- there's quite a few things that we would change. And after every mission, you know, we sit there and debrief what we could have done better, and there's obviously some stuff that -- that we need to look at and do better.

I know that homicide is kind of constrained

on what they could do. And but looking up some surveillance, making sure that the target is in there; utilization of different techniques, whether it's a shock lock or something on the locking mechanism or even a breach going after a No Knock Warrant so we could go with the breaching capability. So those are just some things that we could throw out there; or if it comes down to it, you don't serve it. You can do a take -- takeaway with different units, so.

18 19 BY MR. BREEDEN:

> Q. Is one technique to get some surveillance on the apartment, wait until everybody leaves, and then go to serve it?

A. No. But if you see maybe the target that you're looking for, again, take him away. If you have information that he is the only person inside,

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122 that would be a good, good technique, and then you 1 changed about service of this warrant that would have 2 know that nobody else is inside. You can safely 2 made it safer for officers or the member of the 3 3 serve that search warrant. public? 4 Q. Now, you know, I asked you if you thought 4 A. That would be, probably be my -- my picks 5 there were things that could be done better or could 5 right there. have been changed, and you mentioned: Well, we could 6 Q. Is it your understanding that Las Vegas 7 have done surveillance a little differently; we could 7 Metro Police Department now considers CET entry to be 8 have possibly used a shock lock; we could have in conflict with the constitutional Knock and 9 applied for a No Knock Warrant. 9 Announce requirement? 10 Have you ever served a No Knock Warrant? 10 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. 11 A. No. 11 THE WITNESS: I don't know if they view it 12 Q. Would you agree with me that they are very 12 as in conflict. I just know that what they're doing 13 rarely, if ever, used by Las Vegas Metro Police 13 is going away and going towards if you are going to 14 Department? 14 utilize that technique, you'll have to get a 15 A. I know that kind of the -- as far as what No-Knock service. And, again, going off of that 16 SWAT has to do now is go through the application of 16 doesn't mean that we'll serve it as a No Knock. 17 a No-Knock Warrant. Just because we get a No-Knock 17 BY MR. BREEDEN: 18 Warrant doesn't mean that we serve it as a No Knock. 18 Q. You gave a CIRT interview. Have you 19 We can still put out those announcements as well. 19 given -- and this deposition obviously. 20 Q. Okay. So do you believe that if you had 20 Have you given out any other recorded 21 applied for a No-Knock Warrant for this search 21 statements about what occurred? 22 22 warrant, it would have been granted? A. No. 23 A. I have no idea. 23 Q. Have you ever asserted your Fifth Amendment 24 Q. Okay. Do -- is there an informal policy at 24 right to remain silent, to refuse to answer questions 25 Metro, right now, that no-knock warrants will not be 25 about this incident? 123 125 1 issued? 1 A. No. 2 A. No. There's no --2 Q. Do you have any remorse or regrets about 3 Q. Or sought? 3 what happened to Mr. Williams? A. Yeah, there's no like a formal policy, 4 4 A. Yes. I'm sure that, you know, looking at informal policy, that no knocks will not -this, this mission, there was some good things and that's -- what they're doing now is, if they, if --6 6 bad things that occurred. Obviously, an individual was killed; and then obviously some officers were 7 nowadays, they will need to get a No Knock in order 7 8 to utilize a Controlled Entry Tactic. injured. So looking at hindsight, you're -- we're 8 9 Q. So did you ever use a Controlled Entry 9 always trying to do better, better tactics, and 10 Tactic for a No Knock when you were on SWAT? 10 learn from it and -- and move on. 11 A. No. 11 Q. Do you agree that this was preventable and 12 Q. Who is the lieutenant that replaced 12 Mr. Williams didn't have to die? 13 Lieutenant O'Daniel? 13 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. 14 A. Adrian Beas. 14 THE WITNESS: I wouldn't be able to answer 15 Q. Can you spell the last name for me? 15 that. 16 A. B-E-A-S? 16 BY MR. BREEDEN: 17 MR. ANDERSON: Not sure. 17 Q. You just have no opinion on it or -- or you 18 THE WITNESS: I'd have to look at my phone. 18 think that -- I don't understand your response. 19 MR. ANDERSON: I think you're right, 19 A. My personal opinion is that learning from 20 B-E-A-S. 20 his prior history, what he was doing, carrying the 21 BY MR. BREEDEN: 21 firearm, I know that our gang unit was actively

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Q. So we mentioned surveillance. We mentioned

possible use of a shock lock. Possible application

for a No-Knock Warrant or possibly just don't serve

it. What other things do you think could have been

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looking for him. I know that North Town had active

would have been hurt by someone out there. He would

cases on him. I believe that Mr. Williams, going

off of just kind of history, experiences, that he

126 128 1 have been involved in some type of shooting. I 1 best for the team. think -- I think the safest thing would have been 2 Q. Officer Kubla was intended to be the first 3 for North Town to put a case on him and him to be in 3 man in; right? 4 jail at that time. 4 A. Correct. 5 Q. Hypothetically, if instead of believing 5 Q. Why wouldn't he have a ballistic shield? 6 that Mr. Rembert was inside that apartment and, 6 A. Again, that -- that's -- he was carrying a 7 instead, the information was that two unknown black 7 rifle. So it wouldn't have been possible to -- to males were inside, what would have been done carry a shield. It could have been part of the plan 9 differently? 9 to where the first subject goes in is carrying a 10 MR. ANDERSON: Objection to form. Go ahead. 10 shield. But more than likely, what you want to do 11 BY MR. BREEDEN: 11 is carry a shield going through some type of 12 Q. Would CET have been used at all? 12 hallway, not necessarily through the entry point of 13 A. Going off of we have no idea who these 13 a residence like that. So with a shield, again, 14 people are and we're going after their property? 14 you're -- you're limited; you're cumbersome, and 15 Q. Correct. 15 then your -- your vision is limited. 16 A. That would be up to the tactical commander. 16 Q. Is it common for the first man in to have a 17 I mean, we could sit there and give the options of 17 ballistic shield? 18 like we can go the CET route. We don't know who 18 A. No, it's not common. 19 these people are inside, or we can wait a little bit 19 MR. BREEDEN: Okay. Sergeant Findley, I 20 further and see if homicide, or whoever in this 20 think those are all my questions. 21 scenario is, is to figure out who these people are 21 Do you have anything, Mr. Anderson? 22 inside. 22 MR. ANDERSON: No questions. 23 Q. Well, which would you have recommended 23 MR. BREEDEN: All right. We will go off 24 hypothetically? Would you have recommended "Let's do 24 the record at this time. 25 this anyway with a CET," or would you have 25 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: Before we go off, Craig, 127 129 1 recommended a different route? are you going to need the video? 2 A. I think we could have dug a little bit more 2 MR. ANDERSON: I do not need the video, but 3 and figured out who was inside. 3 I will order a copy. 4 4 Q. Because it was -- it was dangerous to do THE REPORTER: Thank you. 5 this on a CET without knowing for certain who was 5 THE VIDEOGRAPHER: This concludes today's 6 inside, wasn't it? 6 deposition given by Garth Findley, consisting of one 7 A. Correct. But we had the -- the only 7 disc. The time is 11:45 a.m. Thank you. 8 8 information that we had was saying, from homicide, MR. BREEDEN: All right. Craig. that subjects were inside, which was Fisher. 9 MR. ANDERSON: Appreciate it. 10 Rembert; and then we also had their family, a step 10 MR. BREEDEN: I'll see you around. 11 mother, advising that's where they were at. 11 THE REPORTER: Do you have to leave so 12 Q. And that, that turned out to be bad 12 quickly? I have some questions. 13 13 information, at least for this particular morning? Is an e-tran good for you? 14 A. For this particular morning, correct. 14 MR. ANDERSON: Yes, that's fine. 15 Q. Do you know if either of the suspects 15 THE REPORTER: Thank you. 16 were -- were actually the lessor of the apartment? 16 17 A. I don't know if they were. But in the IAP, 17 (The deposition concluded at 11:45 a.m.) 18 it was saying it was just a flophouse, and I believe 18 -000-19 that they weren't the lessee to it. 19 20 Q. Why wouldn't all the officers in the line 20 21 21 have a ballistic shield? 22 A. Because we, how we train, we'll just 22 23 23 usually have it up, up front or on the containment 24 positions. It's very large, cumbersome. So you 24 25 25 have to position it in a certain way that would be

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17	I, GARTH FINDLEY, deponent herein, do hereby	
1,	certify and declare the within and foregoing	
18	transcription to be my deposition in said action;	
	under penalty of perjury; that I have read,	
19	corrected and do hereby affix my signature to said	
	deposition.	
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22	GARTH FINDLEY Deponent Date	
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1 2	131 CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER	
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